North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission

Structured Sentencing Statistical Report for Felonies and Misdemeanors

Fiscal Year 2012/13 (July 1, 2012 – June 30, 2013)

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North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission

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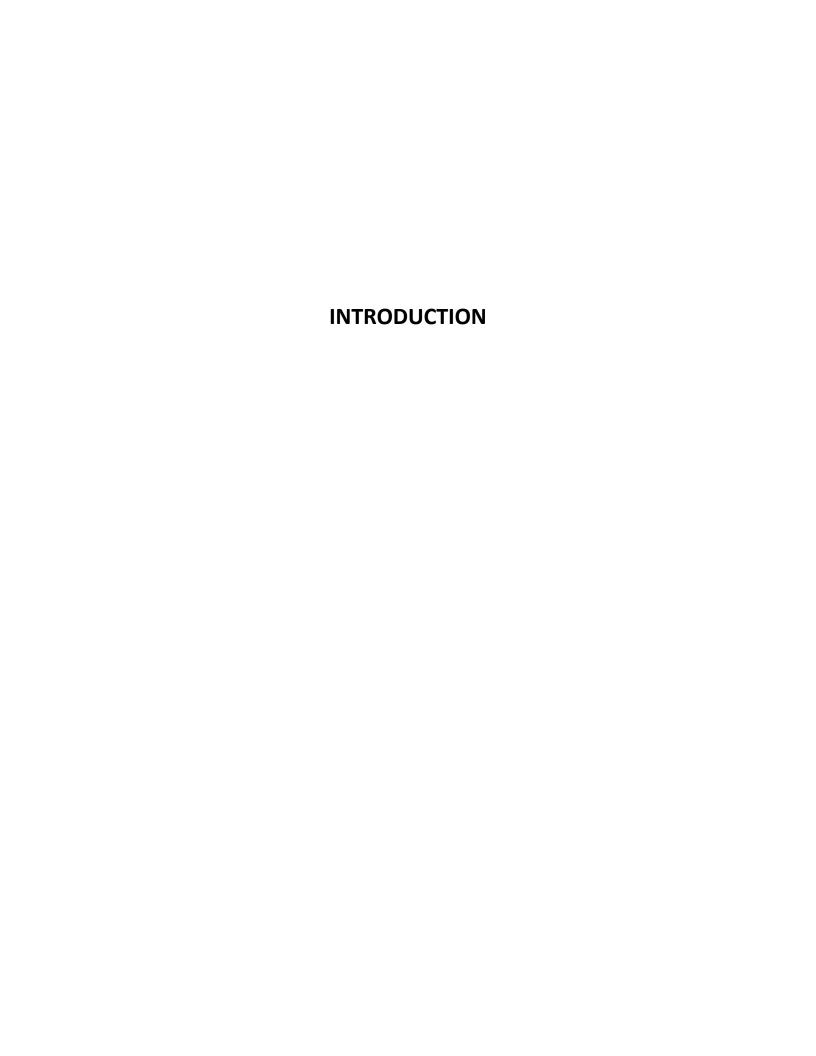
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INTRODUCTION

This report provides detailed information about felony and misdemeanor convictions under Structured Sentencing during Fiscal Year 2012/13 (July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013). The report only includes cases where an offender was convicted and sentenced for a crime which was committed on or after October 1, 1994 – the effective date of Structured Sentencing. The report presents information on the number of felony and misdemeanor convictions, the distribution of felony and misdemeanor convictions within their respective punishment charts, and the types of punishments imposed, as well as data about several other issues. Information for felony convictions is presented in *Section II*, while information for misdemeanor convictions is presented in *Section II*. Details regarding the substance and application of the sentencing laws under Structured Sentencing are provided in the North Carolina Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission's *Structured Sentencing Training and Reference Manual*.

This report reflects the laws and practices that were in place during FY 2012/13. In 2009, the General Assembly passed changes to minimum sentence lengths and prior record point distributions in the felony punishment chart (effective for offenses committed on or after December 1, 2009). Ninety-five percent of sentences imposed in FY 2012/13 were based on offenses occurring on or after December 1, 2009.

In 2011, the General Assembly passed substantial legislative changes to North Carolina's sentencing and correctional practices. The Justice Reinvestment Act (JRA) of 2011 (S.L. 2011- 192) redefined Community and Intermediate punishments, created a new status offense of habitual breaking and entering, changed habitual felon punishments, authorized early release from prison under certain conditions, expanded post-release supervision to all incarcerated felons, and created a program for certain misdemeanants to serve Active sentences in jails rather than prison. Technical and clarifying changes were made to the JRA in 2012 (S.L. 2012-188) and 2013 (S.L. 2013-101). Further information on the JRA can be found in the Commission's Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report.

A majority of the JRA provisions related to changes in sentencing became effective for offenses committed on or after December 1, 2011. Since this report covers convictions from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013, the majority of convictions (64% of felony convictions and 82% of misdemeanor convictions) were subject to the changes made under the JRA. Future reports will reflect sentencing practices under the JRA as the percentage of convictions with offense dates on or after December 1, 2011 continues to increase.

REPORTING OF CONVICTIONS AND SENTENCES

The report is based on data entered into the Administrative Office of the Courts' (AOC's) Automated Criminal Infraction System (ACIS) by the court clerk following the imposition of the sentence. The report covers all North Carolina counties. The unit of analysis is convictions disposed of in a *sentencing episode*.

Definition of a Sentencing Episode:

A sentencing episode is identified from court records as the sentence imposed for the most serious conviction on a given day of court. While a sentencing episode involves one offender, in our reporting time frame an offender may be represented by more than one sentencing episode (meaning that within the fiscal year the number of offenders will be the same as or less than the number of sentencing episodes reported). For the sake of simplicity, throughout the report the unit of analysis is referred to as "conviction."

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS FELONY AND MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FY 2012/13

STRUCTURED SENTENCING STATISTICAL REPORT SUMMARY OF FINDINGS FY 2012/13 CONVICTIONS

Felony Convictions

- During FY 2012/13, sentences for 28,358 felony convictions were imposed under Structured Sentencing. (Note: This number excludes sentences imposed for drug trafficking and violent habitual felon convictions, which are subject to mandatory penalties.)
- Fourteen percent of felony convictions fell into Classes A-E, 8% fell into Class F, 13% fell into Class G, 45% fell into Class H, and 20% fell into Class I.
- The majority of felony convictions (60%) were for offenders with Prior Record Levels I and II, including 22% for offenders with no prior record points. Eleven percent of convictions were for offenders with serious prior criminal histories (Prior Record Levels V and VI).
- Eighty-five percent of convictions were for male offenders; 35% of convictions were for offenders under the age of 26; and 50% of convictions were for Black offenders.
- Thirty-nine percent of felony convictions resulted in an Active punishment, 32% resulted in an Intermediate punishment, and 29% resulted in a Community punishment.
- Of the four crime types, property offenses (40%) and non-trafficking drug offenses (28%) accounted for the largest groups of felony convictions.
- Sixty-nine percent of all Active sentences fell within the presumptive range; 27% fell within the mitigated range; and 4% fell within the aggravated range.
- All offenders with an Intermediate punishment received supervised probation. Of all felony offenders who received a Community punishment, 96% received supervised probation; 3% received unsupervised probation; and less than 1% were ordered to perform community service, pay restitution and/or a fine as their most serious punishment. Overall, the average probation length for supervised probation was 28 months.
- The most frequent condition imposed for supervised probation was a monetary condition (97%), which includes payment of fines, restitution, and/or court costs. Forty-one percent received special probation as a condition of supervised probation. Community service was imposed for 21% of Community and Intermediate punishment convictions with supervised probation.
- Other information of interest includes: the imposition of 1 death sentence and 68 life without parole sentences, the imposition of 1 life with the possibility of parole for an offender under 18 years of age at the time of offense; there were three (3) violent habitual felon convictions, 793 habitual felon convictions, 150 habitual breaking and entering convictions, and 463 convictions for drug trafficking offenses.

Misdemeanor Convictions

- During FY 2012/13, sentences for 130,361 misdemeanor convictions were imposed under Structured Sentencing. (Note: This number excludes Driving While Impaired convictions, cases disposed of by magistrates, Class 2 and Class 3 criminal traffic offenses, and local ordinance offenses.)
- Nine percent of misdemeanor convictions fell into Class A1, 59% fell into Class 1, 15% fell into Class 2, and 17% fell into Class 3.
- Thirty-one percent of misdemeanor convictions fell into Prior Conviction Level I (0 points), 42% fell into Prior Conviction Level II (1-4 points), and 27% fell into Prior Conviction Level III (5 or more points).
- Seventy-five percent of convictions were for male offenders; 33% of convictions were for offenders under the age of 26; and 47% of convictions were for Black offenders.
- Twenty-nine percent of misdemeanor convictions resulted in an Active punishment, 2% resulted in an Intermediate punishment, and 69% resulted in a Community punishment.
- Public order offenses accounted for the greatest proportion of misdemeanor convictions (45%), while misdemeanor person offenses accounted for the lowest proportion (11%). Convictions for person offenses were most likely to result in an Active punishment (34%) and resulted in the longest average Active sentences (56 days).
- All offenders with an Intermediate punishment (100%) received supervised probation. Nearly half (46%) of Community punishment convictions received unsupervised probation, while 37% received supervised probation, and 17% had no probation sentence ordered. Overall, the average probation length for misdemeanor Intermediate and Community punishment convictions was 14 months.
- Where a specific condition of Intermediate punishment was indicated in the AOC database, special probation was the most frequently invoked (76%). Offenders who received special probation were most likely convicted of a Class 1 offense with Prior Conviction Level III.
- The most frequent condition imposed for supervised probation was a monetary condition (96%), which includes payment of fines, restitution, and/or court costs. Community service was imposed for 19% of Community and Intermediate punishment convictions with supervised probation.
- Of unsupervised probation convictions, 8% included community service as a condition of probation, and 96% were ordered to pay monetary obligations (i.e., fine, restitution, or court costs) as a condition of probation.

SECTION I

FELONY CONVICTIONS IN FY 2012/13

I. FELONY CONVICTIONS IN FY 2012/13

A. Definition of the Unit of Analysis

The unit of analysis for this report is convictions disposed of in a sentencing episode.

Definition of a Sentencing Episode:

A sentencing episode is identified from court records as the sentence imposed for the most serious conviction on a given day of court. While a sentencing episode involves one offender, in our reporting time frame an offender may be represented by more than one sentencing episode (meaning that within the fiscal year the number of offenders will be the same as or less than the number of sentencing episodes reported). For the sake of simplicity, throughout the report the unit of analysis is referred to as "conviction."

B. Felony Convictions

This section contains information on felony convictions and sentences imposed under Structured Sentencing during FY 2012/13 (July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013). Overall, sentences for 28,358 felony convictions were imposed. (This number excludes sentences imposed for drug trafficking and violent habitual felon convictions, which are subject to mandatory penalties. Information regarding convictions for these offenses is summarized in *Section VII: Special Issues*.) For many of the tables, information on 620 convictions (or 2%) was excluded due to data discrepancies. Such exclusions are noted at the end of each table. Efforts are ongoing to understand the nature of the data discrepancies and to resolve reporting problems.

The information in this report reflects the laws and practices that were in place during FY 2012/13. As discussed in the Introduction, several changes under the Justice Reinvestment Act became effective for offenses committed on or after December 1, 2011. The felony punishment chart for offenses committed December 1, 2011 through September 30, 2013 is printed on the back cover of the report. The table of maximum sentences (for offenses committed on or after 12/1/2011) can be found on the Commission's website. Current and previous felony punishment charts can also be found on the Commission's website.

C. Distribution of Convictions within the Felony Punishment Chart

Table 1 shows the distribution of felony convictions within the Felony Punishment Chart. Overall, the greatest number of convictions fell into Class H (n=12,391 or 44.7%). The majority of convictions (59.7%) were for offenders in Prior Record Level I (n=8,357 or 30.1%) and Prior Record Level II (n=8,203 or 29.6%). Relative to other cells in the Felony Punishment Chart, the greatest number of convictions fell into Class H with Prior Record Level II (n=3,679 or 13.3%). Sentences imposed for Classes A through E accounted for 13.8% of felony convictions during FY 2012/13; 65.1% of sentences imposed were for Class H and Class I felony convictions.

Table 1: Distribution of Convictions within the Felony Punishment Chart FY 2012/13 Felonies

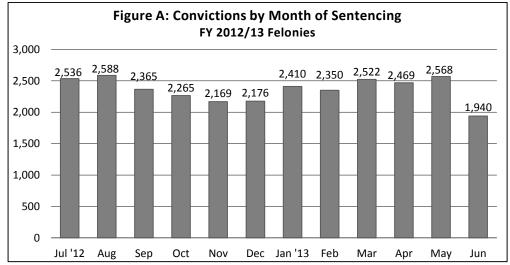
Offense	Prior Record Level						
Class	I 0-1 Pt	II 2-5 Pts	III 6-9 Pts	IV 10-13 Pts	V 14-17 Pts	VI 18+ Pts	Total
A	37	15	8	6	1	2	69
	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%
B1	81	30	21	8	3	1	144
	0.3%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%
B2	123	65	42	20	11	6	267
	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	1.0%
С	147	133	133	147	105	84	749
	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.4%	0.3%	2.7%
D	308	234	153	90	61	72	918
	1.1%	0.8%	0.6%	0.3%	0.2%	0.3%	3.3%
E	740	414	232	132	77	95	1,690
	2.7%	1.5%	0.8%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%	6.1%
F	882	636	442	204	113	93	2,370
	3.2%	2.3%	1.6%	0.7%	0.4%	0.3%	8.5%
G	783	1,188	781	455	153	133	3,493
	2.8%	4.3%	2.8%	1.6%	0.6%	0.5%	12.6%
н	3,635	3,679	2,381	1,312	727	657	12,391
	13.1%	13.3%	8.6%	4.7%	2.6%	2.4%	44.7%
ı	1,621	1,809	957	583	324	353	5,647
	5.8%	6.5%	3.5%	2.1%	1.2%	1.3%	20.4%
Total	8,357	8,203	5,150	2,957	1,575	1,496	27,738
	30.1%	29.6%	18.6%	10.7%	5.7%	5.4%	100.0%

Note: Of the 28,358 felony convictions in FY 2012/13, 620 (or 2%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation). Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

D. Convictions by Month of Sentencing

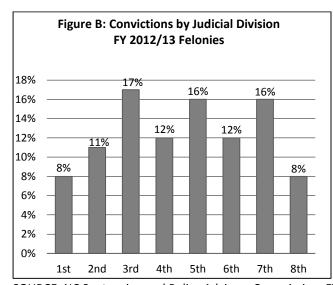
Figure A shows the total number of felony convictions by month of sentencing during FY 2012/13 (N=28,358). Convictions were highest in August and lowest in June.

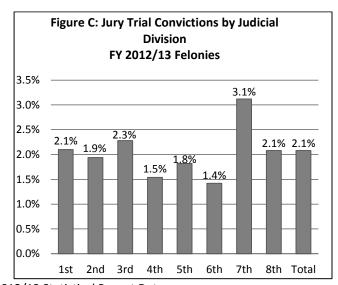


SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

E. Convictions by Judicial Division, District, and County

Figure B shows the distribution of convictions ranged from a low of 8% in the first and eighth judicial divisions to a high of nearly 17% in the third judicial division. Overall, 2.1% of convictions statewide resulted from jury trials (see Figure C), ranging from a low of 1.4% in the sixth division to a high of 3.1% in the seventh division. Table 2 displays the total number of convictions by judicial division, judicial district, and county. (See Appendix A for a map of judicial divisions and districts.) This table also specifies whether the conviction resulted from a guilty plea or jury trial.





SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition FY 2012/13 Felonies

ludistal Diri	sion Indiaial District and Communication	Mode of D	Mode of Disposition		
Judicial Divis	sion, Judicial District, and County	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total	
First Judicial Divis	sion	2,282	48	2,330	
District 1	Camden	11	0	11	
	Chowan	20	0	20	
	Currituck	48	2	50	
	Dare	135	1	136	
	Gates	9	0	9	
	Pasquotank	76	2	78	
	Perquimans	30	0	30	
	Total	329	5	334	
District 2	Beaufort	241	6	247	
	Hyde	23	0	23	
	Martin	101	5	106	
	Tyrrell	10	0	10	
	Washington	49	2	51	
	Total	424	13	437	
District 3A	Pitt	606	1	607	
	Total	606	1	607	
District 6A	Halifax	125	5	130	
	Total	125	5	130	
District 6B	Bertie	27	0	27	
	Hertford	55	0	55	
	Northampton	39	0	39	
	Total	121	0	121	
District 7A	Nash	244	9	253	
	Total	244	9	253	
District 7B, C	Edgecombe	188	11	199	
	Wilson	245	4	249	
	Total	433	15	448	
Second Judicial D	ivision	3,026	60	3,086	
District 3B	Carteret	176	1	177	
	Craven	309	4	313	
	Pamlico	22	0	22	
	Total	507	5	512	
District 4A	Duplin	231	0	231	
	Jones	74	1	75	
	Sampson	290	5	295	
	Total	595	6	601	
District 4B	Onslow	390	20	410	
	Total	390	20	410	

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 2012/13 Felonies

to destal person	atan Indiata District and Country	Mod	e of Disposition	Takal
Judiciai Divis	sion, Judicial District, and County	Guilty Plo	ea Jury Trial	Total
District 5	New Hanover	752	8	760
	Pender	142	3	145
	То	tal 894	11	905
District 8A	Greene	89	2	91
	Lenoir	232	0	232
	То	tal 321	2	323
District 8B	Wayne	319	16	335
	То	tal 319	16	335
Third Judicial Div	ision	4,665	109	4,774
District 9	Franklin	104	0	104
	Granville	151	0	151
	Vance	124	0	124
	Warren	40	0	40
	То	tal 419	0	419
District 9A	Caswell	59	5	64
	Person	228	12	240
	То	tal 287	17	304
District 10	Wake	2,357	63	2,420
	То	tal 2,357	63	2,420
District 14	Durham	760	8	768
	То	tal 760	8	768
District 15A	Alamance	575	15	590
	То	tal 575	15	590
District 15B	Chatham	98	3	101
	Orange	169	3	172
	То	tal 267	6	273
Fourth Judicial Di	ivision	3,383	53	3,436
District 11A	Harnett	285	4	289
	Lee	212	2	214
	То	tal 497	6	503
District 11B	Johnston	549	11	560
	То	tal 549	11	560
District 12	Cumberland	966	9	975
	То	tal 966	9	975
District 13A	Bladen	97	1	98
	Columbus	150	6	156
	То	tal 247	7	254
District 13B	Brunswick	324	2	326
	То	tal 324	2	326

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 2012/13 Felonies

Judicial Division, Judicial District, and County			Mode of D	Mode of Disposition		
Judicial Divis	sion, Judicial District, and	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total		
District 16A	Hoke		202	4	206	
	Scotland		198	1	199	
		Total	400	5	405	
District 16B	Robeson		400	13	413	
		Total	400	13	413	
Fifth Judicial Divi	sion		4,525	84	4,609	
District 17A	Rockingham		331	8	339	
		Total	331	8	339	
District 17B	Stokes		140	3	143	
	Surry		194	0	194	
	·	Total	334	3	337	
District 18	Guilford		1,777	28	1,805	
		Total	1,777	28	1,805	
District 19B	Montgomery		74	2	76	
	Randolph		281	4	285	
	·	Total	355	6	361	
District 19D	Moore		318	5	323	
		Total	318	5	323	
District 21	Forsyth		864	30	894	
	,	Total	864	30	894	
District 23	Alleghany		37	0	37	
	Ashe		93	0	93	
	Wilkes		311	4	315	
	Yadkin		105	0	105	
		Total	546	4	550	
Sixth Judicial Divi	ision		3,252	47	3,299	
District 19A	Cabarrus		672	10	682	
		Total	672	10	682	
District 19C	Rowan		541	14	555	
		Total	541	14	555	
District 20A	Anson		113	1	114	
	Richmond		188	3	191	
	Stanly		160	0	160	
	,	Total	461	4	465	
District 20B	Union		385	11	396	
-		Total	385	11	396	

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 2012/13 Felonies

Judicial Division, Judicial District, and County			Mode of D	Mode of Disposition		
			Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	- Total	
District 22A	Alexander		74	0	74	
	Iredell		510	6	516	
		Total	584	6	590	
District 22B	Davidson		540	2	542	
	Davie		69	0	69	
		Total	609	2	611	
Seventh Judicial Di	vision		4,283	138	4,421	
District 25A	Burke		228	11	239	
	Caldwell		140	1	141	
		Total	368	12	380	
District 25B	Catawba		431	14	445	
		Total	431	14	445	
District 26	Mecklenburg		1,718	71	1,789	
		Total	1,718	71	1,789	
District 27A	Gaston		849	9	858	
		Total	849	9	858	
District 27B	Cleveland		484	25	509	
	Lincoln		433	7	440	
		Total	917	32	949	
Eighth Judicial Divi	ision		2,353	50	2,403	
District 24	Avery		64	0	64	
	Madison		82	1	83	
	Mitchell		52	0	52	
	Watauga		153	2	155	
	Yancey		91	0	91	
		Total	442	3	445	
District 28	Buncombe		587	16	603	
		Total	587	16	603	
District 29A	McDowell		202	4	206	
	Rutherford		355	5	360	
		Total	557	9	566	
District 29B	Henderson		254	4	258	
	Polk		49	2	51	
	Transylvania		69	2	71	
		Total	372	8	380	

Table 2: Convictions by Judicial Division, Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued)

FY 2012/13 Felonies

Indicial Division	a Judicial District and County	Mode of D	Total	
Judiciai Divisio	n, Judicial District, and County	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 30A	Cherokee	66	1	67
	Clay	21	1	22
	Graham	20	1	21
	Macon	63	1	64
	Swain	35	2	37
	Total	205	6	211
District 30B	Haywood	134	5	139
	Jackson	56	3	59
	Total	190	8	198
	State Total	27,769	589	28,358

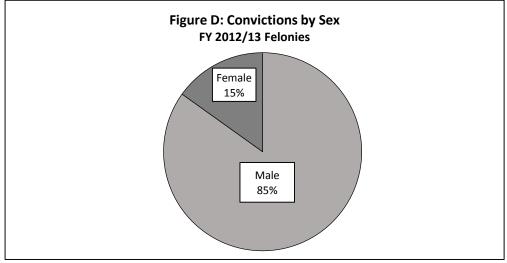
SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

F. Felony Pleas in District Court

Under G.S. 15A-1029.1(a), the Superior Court may transfer a Class H or I felony to District Court for entry of a defendant's plea of guilty (or no contest), with the consent of both parties. In FY 2012/13, 3,014 Class H (24% of Class H convictions) and 1,607 Class I (27% of Class I convictions) felony pleas were accepted in District Court for a total of 4,621 pleas (25% of all Class H and Class I felony convictions).

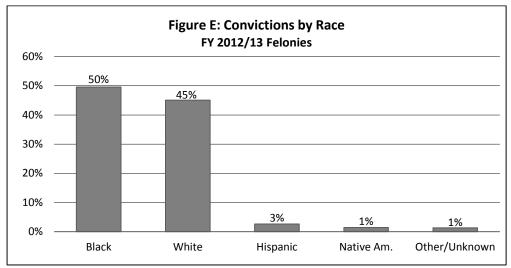
II. CHARACTERISTICS OF OFFENDERS

This section provides a breakdown of convictions by offenders' sex, race, and age. Of the 28,358 felony convictions, 85% were males (see *Figure D*).



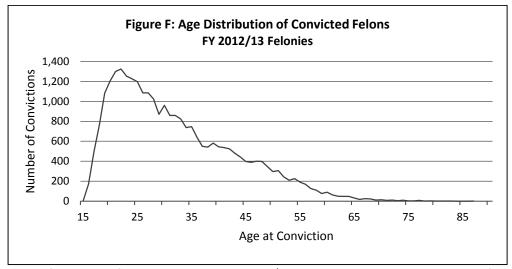
SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Figure E shows that 50% of all felony offenders were Black, 45% were White, and a small percentage were Hispanic (3%), Native American (1%), or Other/Unknown (1%).



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Based on age at conviction, 13% of felony convictions were for offenders under the age of 21, 22% were 21-25 years of age, 18% were 26-30 years of age, 24% were 31-40 years of age, 15% were 41-50 years of age, and 8% were 51 years of age or older. The average age at conviction was 32 years. *Figure F* illustrates that the volume of offenders peaks in the late teens and early twenties, and then generally declines as age increases.



Note: Of the 28,358 felony convictions in FY 2012/13, 87 convictions with missing values for offenders' age were excluded from the graph.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 3 provides a summary of convictions by sex, race, and age of offenders. The lowest percentage of felony convictions for males was for offenders older than 50 (n=1,836 or 8%). For females, the lowest percentage of felony convictions was for offenders under age 21 (n=266 or 6%). Over half of felony

convictions for males (55% or n=13,154) were for offenders 30 and under, while 44% percent (n=1,887) of felony convictions for females were for offenders age 30 or under.

Table 3: Convictions by Sex, Race, and Age FY 2012/13 Felonies

Sex and Race		Age at Conviction					Total	
Sex	Sex and Race		21-25	26-30	31-40	41-50	>50	TOLAI
	White	1,010	2,073	1,876	2,577	1,578	870	9,984
	Black	2,190	3,091	2,080	2,697	1,692	913	12,663
Mala	Hispanic	153	183	122	153	64	22	697
Male	Native Amer.	47	76	64	91	43	15	336
	Other	60	73	56	74	29	16	308
	Subtotal	3,460	5,496	4,198	5,592	3,406	1,836	23,988
	White	125	484	563	876	519	206	2,773
	Black	128	286	229	357	269	90	1,359
Famala	Hispanic	4	10	13	14	4	1	46
Female	Native Amer.	3	14	10	25	8	1	61
	Other	6	5	7	15	3	8	44
	Subtotal	266	799	822	1,287	803	306	4,283
	Total	3,726	6,295	5,020	6,879	4,209	2,142	28,271

Note: Of the 28,358 felony convictions in FY 2012/13, 87 convictions with missing values for offenders' age were excluded from the graph.

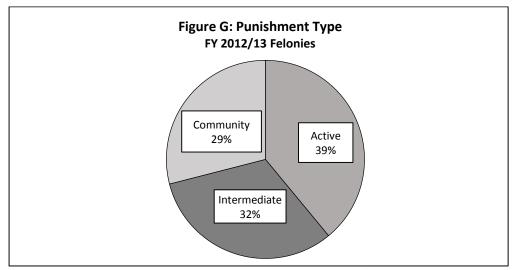
SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy and Advisory Commission, FY 2012/2013 Statistical Report Data

III. PUNISHMENT IMPOSED FOR FELONIES

This section details the type of sentence imposed (Active, Intermediate, or Community) for convictions during FY 2012/13. The tables in this section also show the average minimum and maximum sentences for convictions for which an Active punishment was imposed. *The reader should note that this information is based on the most serious sentence an offender received*. Convictions that did not fit within the Felony Punishment Chart were excluded from this section (n=620 or 2%). These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation).

A. Overall Punishment

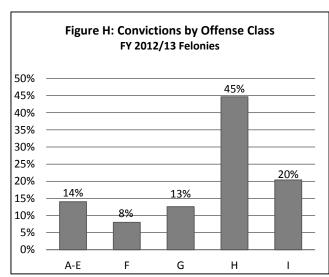
An Active punishment was imposed for 39% of felony convictions, an Intermediate punishment was imposed for 32% of felony convictions, and a Community punishment was imposed for 29% of felony convictions (see *Figure G*). 1

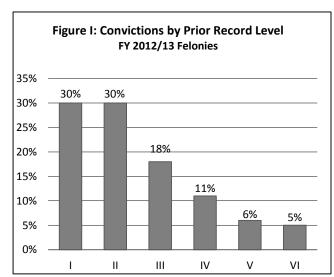


SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

B. Punishment Imposed by Offense Class and Prior Record Level

Figure H shows the percentage of convictions by offense class. The majority of felony convictions (65%) were for Class H and Class I offenses. (See *Appendix B* for sample offenses in each offense class and for the top five convictions in each offense class.) As shown in *Figure I*, the majority of felony convictions (60%) were for offenders with Prior Record Levels I and II, including 22% for offenders with no prior record points. Eleven percent of convictions were for offenders with serious prior criminal histories (Prior Record Levels V and VI).





SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy and Advisory Commission, FY 2012/2013 Statistical Report Data

¹ The type of punishment (Active, Intermediate, or Community) is reported in this section regardless of possible discrepancies in ACIS.

Table 4 presents felony convictions and sentences imposed within the context of the Felony Punishment Chart (see also *Table 1*). The detailed information provided allows for examination of the overall number of convictions and type of punishment imposed (Active, Intermediate, or Community), as well as an examination of these data by offense class, by prior record level, and for each combination of offense class and prior record level (*i.e.*, cell). The table also includes the average minimum and maximum sentences for convictions for which an Active sentence was imposed.²

It is important to note that type of punishment (Active, Intermediate, or Community) is reported in *Table 4* regardless of possible discrepancies in ACIS. Data provided in *Table 4* indicate instances in which an Intermediate or Community punishment was imposed where it is not authorized under the Felony Punishment Chart (e.g., a Community punishment is not authorized for felony convictions in Class I with Prior Record Level III through Prior Record Level VI; an Intermediate punishment is not authorized for Class I with Prior Record Level I). These discrepancies are possibly a result of the changes to Intermediate and Community punishments under the JRA. It is not clear whether the data reflect actual sentencing practices or how information was initially captured in ACIS. Efforts are ongoing to understand and to resolve these discrepancies.

With the exception of extraordinary mitigation for Class B2 through Class D convictions in Prior Record Level I and Prior Record Level II, a mandatory Active sentence is required for Class A through Class D convictions under Structured Sentencing. Class D has an additional exception to the Felony Punishment Chart – an Intermediate punishment can be imposed for Felony Death by Motor Vehicle if the conviction falls within Prior Record Level I through Prior Record Level III. In FY 2012/13, one (1) Class D conviction for Felony Death by Motor Vehicle resulted in the imposition of an Intermediate punishment.

Overall, the greatest number of convictions fell within Class H with Prior Record Level II (n= 3,679 or 13%). As shown in the vertical "Total" column in *Table 4*, the percentage of offenders receiving an Active sentence and the length of Active sentence imposed both increase as the offense seriousness increases. The average minimum sentence for all convictions resulting in an Active punishment (n=10,873) was 29 months. The lowest average minimum sentence was imposed for Class I convictions (8 months). Excluding life and death sentences, the highest average minimum sentence was imposed for Class B1 convictions (233 months).

As shown in the horizontal "Total" row in *Table 4*, convictions for offenders falling into Prior Record Levels I and VI resulted in the highest average minimum sentences (39 months and 30 months respectively). The higher minimum sentences for Prior Record Level I can be attributed to the fact that nearly one-half of all Active sentences in that prior record level were for offenders convicted in the more serious offense classes (*i.e.*, Class B1 through Class E felonies). For information on punishment imposed by judicial division, see *Appendix C, Tables 1 and 2*.

² Sentences resulting in death or life were excluded from the calculation of the average minimum and maximum sentences.

Table 4: Convictions and Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Record Level FY 2012/13 Felonies

Offense							
Class	I 0-1 Pt	II 2-5 Pts	III 6-9 Pts	IV 10-13 Pts	V 14-17 Pts	VI 18+ Pts	Total
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
Α	A = 37 (100%) n = 37	A = 15 (100%) n = 15	A = 8 (100%) n = 8	A = 6 (100%) n = 6	A = 1 (100%) n = 1	A = 2 (100%) n = 2	A = 69 (100%) n = 69
	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death	Life/Death
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
B1	A = 81 (100%) n = 81	A = 30 (100%) n = 30	A = 21 (100%) n = 21	A = 8 (100%) n = 8	A = 3 (100%) n = 3	A = 1 (100%) n = 1	A = 144 (100%) n = 144
	203 min 261 max	236 min 298 max	299 min 371 max	329 min 410 max	299 min 369 max	324 min 398 max	233 min 296 max
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
B2	A = 123 (100%) n = 123	A = 65 (100%) n = 65	A = 42 (100%) n = 42	A = 20 (100%) n = 20	A = 11 (100%) n = 11	A = 6 (100%) n = 6	A = 267 (100%) n = 267
	139 min 180 max	165 min 208 max	195 min 245 max	203 min 254 max	233 min 289 max	283 min 349 max	166 min 211 max
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
С	A = 147 (100%) n = 147	A = 133 (100%) n = 133	A = 133 (100%) n = 133	A = 147 (100%) n = 147	A = 105 (100%) n = 105	A = 84 (100%) n = 84	A = 749 (100%) n = 749
	59 min 83 max	65 min 89 max	73 min 98 max	81 min 108 max	95 min 125 max	110 min 145 max	78 min 105 max
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α
D	I = 1 (0%) A = 307 (100%) n = 308	A = 234 (100%) n = 234	A = 153 (100%) n = 153	A = 90 (100%) n = 90	A = 61 (100%) n = 61	A = 72 (100%) n = 72	I = 1 (0%) A = 917 (100%) n = 918
	50 min	57 min	67 min	76 min	81 min	95 min	63 min
	71 max I /A	80 max I/A	92 max A	103 max A	109 max A	125 max A	87 max I/A
E	C = 70 (9%) I = 422 (57%) A = 248 (34%) n = 740	C = 34 (8%) I = 174 (42%) A = 206 (50%) n = 414	A = 232 (100%) n = 232	A = 132 (100%) n = 132	A = 77 (100%) n = 77	A = 95 (100%) n = 95	C = 104 (6%) I = 596 (35%) A = 990 (59%) n = 1,690
	21 min 38 max	24 min 40 max	27 min 44 max	33 min 51 max	36 min 54 max	41 min 60 max	28 min 45 max
	I/A	I/A	I/A	Α	Α	Α	I/A
F	C = 143 (16%) I = 418 (48%) A = 321 (36%) n = 882	C = 61 (10%) I = 282 (44%) A = 293 (46%) n = 636	C = 29 (7%) I = 188 (42%) A = 225 (51%) n = 442	A = 204 (100%) n = 204	A = 113 (100%) n = 113	A = 93 (100%) n = 93	C = 233 (10%) I = 888 (37%) A = 1,249 (53%) n = 2,370
	14 min 22 max	15 min 24 max	17 min 27 max	20 min 29 max	23 min 33 max	29 min 41 max	18 min 27 max

Table 4: Convictions and Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Record Level (continued) FY 2012/13 Felonies

Offense			Total				
Class	1	II	III	IV	V	VI	Total
	0-1 Pt	2-5 Pts	6-9 Pts	10-13 Pts	14-17 Pts	18+ Pts	
	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	Α	Α	I/A
G	C = 146 (19%) I = 450 (57%) A = 187 (24%) n = 783	C = 189 (16%) I = 611 (51%) A = 388 (33%) n = 1,188	C = 84 (11%) I = 343 (44%) A = 354 (45%) n = 781	C = 27 (6%) I = 155 (34%) A = 273 (60%) n = 455	A = 153 (100%) n = 153	A = 133 (100%) n = 133	C = 446 (13%) I = 1,559 (45%) A = 1,488 (42%) n = 3,493
	11 min	12 min	14 min	16 min	19 min	22 min	15 min
	19 max	21 max	23 max	25 max	28 max	32 max	24 max
	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	Α	C/I/A
н	C = 2,115 (58%) I = 1,093 (30%) A = 427 (12%) n = 3,635	C = 1,147 (31%) I = 1,579 (43%) A = 953 (26%) n = 3,679	C = 468 (20%) I = 922 (39%) A = 991 (41%) n = 2,381	C = 165 (13%) I = 393 (30%) A = 754 (57%) n = 1,312	C = 66 (9%) I = 172 (24%) A = 489 (67%) n = 727	A = 657 (100%) n = 657	C = 3,961 (32%) I = 4,159 (34%) A = 4,271 (34%) n = 12,391
	5 min	7 min	8 min	10 min	13 min	18 min	10 min
	13 max	15 max	17 max	19 max	22 max	28 max	19 max
	С	C/I	I	I/A	I/A	I/A	C/I/A
1	C = 1,509 (93%) I = 112 (7%) n = 1,621	C = 1,228 (68%) I = 581 (32%) n = 1,809	C = 409 (43%) I = 548 (57%) n = 957	C = 105 (18%) I = 187 (32%) A = 291 (50%) n = 583	C = 44 (14%) I = 71 (22%) A = 209 (64%) n = 324	C = 40 (11%) I = 84 (24%) A = 229 (65%) n = 353	C = 3,335 (59%) I = 1,583 (28%) A = 729 (13%) n = 5,647
				7 min	8 min	9 min	8 min
	N/A	N/A	N/A	15 max	16 max	18 max	16 max
	C/I/A	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	C/I/A
Total	C = 3,983 (48%) I = 2,496 (30%) A = 1,878 (22%) n = 8,357	C = 2,659 (33%) I = 3,227 (39%) A = 2,317 (28%) n = 8,203	C = 990 (19%) I = 2,001 (39%) A = 2,159 (42%) n = 5,150	C = 297 (10%) I = 735 (25%) A = 1,925 (65%) n = 2,957	C = 110 (7%) I = 243 (15%) A = 1,222 (78%) n = 1,575	C = 40 (3%) I = 84 (5%) A = 1,372 (92%) n = 1,496	C = 8,079 (29%) I = 8,786 (32%) A = 10,873 (39%) n = 27,738
	39 min	26 min	27 min	25 min	28 min	30 min	29 min
	56 max	39 max	40 max	37 max	41 max	44 max	43 max

Note: Of the 28,358 felony convictions in FY 2012/13, 620 (or 2%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation). Death and life sentences were excluded from the calculation of the average minimum and maximum sentences. This table includes convictions for Intermediate or Community punishments in cells in which those dispositions are not authorized within the Felony Punishment Chart.

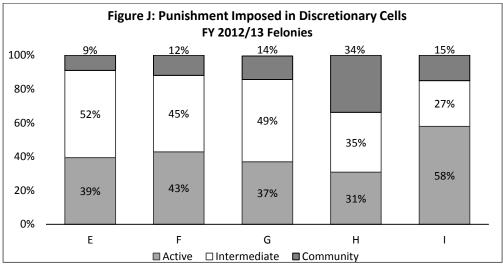
SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

C. Punishment Imposed in Discretionary Cells

As shown in *Table 4*, where the judge had the option of imposing either an Active or Community-based punishment (*i.e.*, Intermediate or Community punishment), the type of punishment imposed varied based on offense class and prior record level. For example, a Community punishment was most likely to be imposed for a conviction falling within Class H with Prior Record Level I (58%), an Intermediate punishment was most likely to be imposed for convictions falling within Class G with Prior Record Level I and Class E

with Prior Record Level I (57% each), while an Active sentence was most likely to be imposed for convictions falling within Class H with Prior Record Level V (67%).

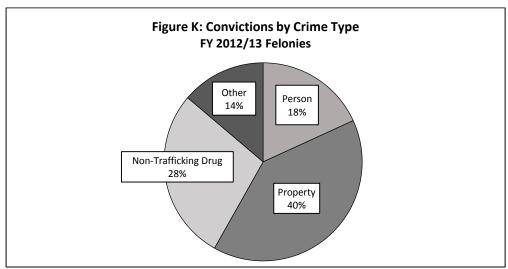
Figure J summarizes sentences imposed by offense class for discretionary cells with an Active punishment option. A Community punishment was most likely to be imposed for a Class H felony (34%). An Active punishment was most likely to be imposed for a Class I felony (58%) and least likely to be imposed for a Class H felony (31%).



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

D. Punishment Imposed by Crime Type

During FY 2012/13, property offenses accounted for 40% of convictions, while convictions for non-trafficking drug accounted for 28%. (See *Figure K*.) For additional data on convictions by crime type, see *Appendix D, Tables 1 and 2*.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

The type of punishment imposed by crime type is shown in *Table 5*. Relative to other crime types, convictions for person offenses were most likely to result in the imposition of an Active punishment (63%), while convictions for non-trafficking drug offenses were least likely to result in the imposition of an Active punishment (23%). Of the four crime types, non-trafficking drug and property convictions had the highest percentage of Intermediate punishment sentences (35% and 32% respectively). Non-trafficking drug convictions had the highest percentage of Community punishment sentences (42%). *Table 5* also displays the average minimum and maximum sentence lengths for convictions in which an Active punishment was imposed. The longest average Active sentences were imposed for convictions for person offenses.

Table 5: Convictions and Sentences by Crime Type FY 2012/13 Felonies

		1	ype of Pu	nishme	Minimum	Maximum			
Crime Type	Active		Intermediate		Community		Active Sentence	Active Sentence	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	(Months)	(Months)	
Person	3,166	63	1,411	28	464	9	53	73	5,041
Property	3,781	34	3,536	32	3,777	34	13	22	11,094
Non-Trafficking Drug	1,761	23	2,748	35	3,270	42	14	23	7,779
Other Felony	2,165	57	1,091	28	568	15	36	51	3,824
Total	10,873	39	8,786	32	8,079	29	29	43	27,738

Note: Of the 28,358 felony convictions in FY 2012/13, 620 (or 2%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation). Death and life sentences were excluded from the calculation of the average minimum and maximum sentences.

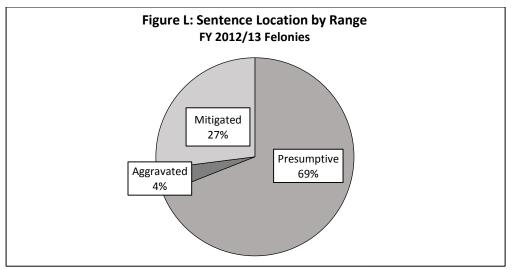
SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

IV. SENTENCE LOCATION IN THE SENTENCING RANGES

This section presents information regarding the location of sentences imposed in the sentencing ranges and deals only with convictions for which an Active sentence was imposed (n=10,803). Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were excluded from this section.

A. Sentence Location

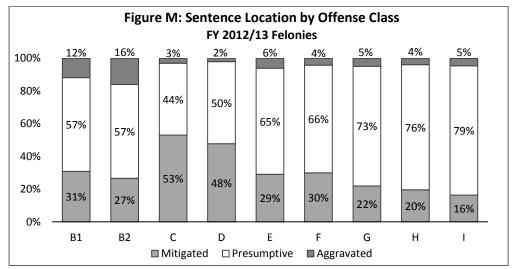
Figure L shows that 69% of all Active sentences fell within the presumptive range; 27% fell within the mitigated range; and 4% fell within the aggravated range.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

B. Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level

Figure M displays the percentage of convictions falling within the mitigated, presumptive, and aggravated ranges by offense class for Active sentences. The majority of sentences for all felonies, except Class C felonies, fell within the presumptive range. Overall, fewer sentences fell within the aggravated range, with Class B1 and B2 felonies accounting for the highest percentage of sentences falling in the aggravated range (12% and 16% respectively). Class C and Class D convictions had the largest percentage of sentences in the mitigated range (53% and 48% respectively). The percentage of sentences in the mitigated range for Class C and Class D convictions largely reflects the sentencing of habitual felons (see also Figure Q).



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 6 includes information regarding sentence location by offense class and prior record level. Convictions for Class I offenses had the highest percentage of Active sentences in the presumptive range (79%), while convictions for Class C offenses had the lowest percentage of Active sentences in the presumptive range (44%). Convictions falling into Prior Record Levels I, III, and V had the highest

percentage of Active sentences in the mitigated range (28% each), while convictions falling into Prior Record Level VI had the highest percentage of Active sentences in the aggravated range (6%).

Table 6: Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level
Active Sentences Only
FY 2012/13 Felonies

Offense	Sentencing	Prior Record Level							
Class	Range	I 0-1 Pt	II 2-5 Pts	III 6-9 Pts	IV 10-13 Pts	V 14-17 Pts	VI 18+ Pts	Total	
	Mitigated	30 37%	8 27%	3 14%	1 13%	1 50%	1 100%	44 31%	
B1	Presumptive	36 44%	21 70%	18 86%	6 75%	1 50%	0 0%	82 57%	
	Aggravated	15 19%	1 3%	0 0%	1 12%	0 0%	0 0%	17 12%	
	Subtotal	81	30	21	8	2	1	143	
	Mitigated	36 29%	17 26%	8 19%	7 35%	3 27%	0 0%	71 27%	
B2	Presumptive	67 55%	36 55%	26 62%	11 55%	7 64%	6 100%	153 57%	
52	Aggravated	20 16%	12 19%	8 19%	2 10%	1 9%	0 0%	43 16%	
	Subtotal	123	65	42	20	11	6	267	
	Mitigated	57 39%	70 53%	79 59%	83 56%	60 57%	48 57%	397 53%	
С	Presumptive	84 57%	59 44%	49 37%	60 41%	42 40%	35 42%	329 44%	
	Aggravated	6 4%	4 3%	5 4%	4 3%	3 3%	1 1%	23 3%	
	Subtotal	147	133	133	147	105	84	749	
	Mitigated	135 44%	102 43%	70 46%	49 55%	37 61%	44 61%	437 48%	
D	Presumptive	167 54%	128 55%	78 51%	39 43%	23 38%	25 35%	460 50%	
	Aggravated	5 2%	4 2%	5 3%	2 2%	1 1%	3 4%	20 2%	
	Subtotal	307	234	153	90	61	72	917	

Table 6: Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level (continued)
Active Sentences Only
FY 2012/13 Felonies

Offense	Sentencing	Prior Record Level							
Class	Range	I 0-1 Pt	II 2-5 Pts	III 6-9 Pts	IV 10-13 Pts	V 14-17 Pts	VI 18+ Pts	Total	
	Mitigated	58 23%	54 26%	77 33%	35 26%	29 38%	34 36%	287 29%	
E	Presumptive	180 73%	136 66%	143 62%	87 66%	41 53%	56 59%	643 65%	
L	Aggravated	10 4%	16 8%	12 5%	10 8%	7 9%	5 5%	60 6%	
	Subtotal	248	206	232	132	77	95	990	
	Mitigated	73 23%	85 29%	73 32%	78 38%	44 39%	20 21%	373 30%	
F	Presumptive	235 73%	198 68%	143 64%	118 58%	66 58%	63 68%	823 66%	
·	Aggravated	13 4%	10 3%	9 4%	8 4%	3 3%	10 11%	53 4%	
	Subtotal	321	293	225	204	113	93	1,249	
	Mitigated	36 19%	93 24%	72 20%	55 20%	40 26%	30 23%	326 22%	
G	Presumptive	143 77%	283 73%	269 76%	199 73%	103 67%	92 69%	1,089 73%	
· ·	Aggravated	8 4%	12 3%	13 4%	19 7%	10 7%	11 8%	73 5%	
	Subtotal	187	388	354	273	153	133	1,488	
	Mitigated	93 22%	192 20%	216 22%	105 14%	100 20%	132 20%	838 20%	
н	Presumptive	318 74%	728 76%	755 76%	614 81%	365 75%	483 74%	3,263 76%	
	Aggravated	16 4%	33 4%	20 2%	35 5%	24 5%	42 6%	170 4%	
	Subtotal	427	953	991	754	489	657	4,271	

Table 6: Sentence Location by Offense Class and Prior Record Level (continued)
Active Sentences Only
FY 2012/13 Felonies

Offense	Sentencing	Prior Record Level						
Class	Range	I 0-1 Pt	II 2-5 Pts	III 6-9 Pts	IV 10-13 Pts	V 14-17 Pts	VI 18+ Pts	Total
	Mitigated	N/A	N/A	N/A	54 18%	34 16%	31 13%	119 16%
	Presumptive	N/A	N/A	N/A	226 78%	166 80%	185 81%	577 79%
'	Aggravated	N/A	N/A	N/A	11 4%	9 4%	13 6%	33 5%
	Subtotal	N/A	N/A	N/A	291	209	229	729
	Mitigated	518 28%	621 27%	598 28%	467 24%	348 28%	340 25%	2,892 27%
Total	Presumptive	1,230 67%	1,589 69%	1,481 69%	1,360 71%	814 67%	945 69%	7,419 69%
Total	Aggravated	93 5%	92 4%	72 3%	92 5%	58 5%	85 6%	492 4%
	Total	1,841	2,302	2,151	1,919	1,220	1,370	10,803

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were also excluded from this table.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

C. Sentence Location by Crime Type

The sentence location by crime type is contained in *Table 7*. Of the four crime types, convictions for person offenses accounted for the highest percentage of aggravated sentences (7%). Convictions for "other felony" offenses accounted for the lowest percentage of presumptive sentences (57%) and the highest percentage of mitigated sentences (40%) relative to the other crime types. Convictions under the habitual felon law, commonly sentenced in the mitigated range,³ accounted for the largest number of convictions in the other felony category, representing 35% of convictions in this category.⁴ For additional information regarding convictions by crime type, see *Appendix D, Tables 1 and 2*.

³ See *Figure Q* for the breakdown of habitual felon convictions by sentencing range.

⁴ This category does not reflect the substantive offense associated with an habitual felon conviction. *Table 13* presents detailed information on substantive offenses associated with habitual felon convictions.

Table 7: Sentence Location by Crime Type
Active Sentences Only
FY 2012/13 Felonies

	Sentencing Range							
Crime Type	Mitigated		Presumptive		Aggravated		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%		
Person	869	28	2,018	65	209	7	3,096	
Property	760	20	2,878	76	143	4	3,781	
Non-Trafficking Drug	386	22	1,298	74	77	4	1,761	
Other Felony	877	40	1,225	57	63	3	2,165	
Total	2,892	27	7,419	69	492	4	10,803	

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were also excluded from this table.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

D. Length of Active Sentence Relative to the Sentencing Range

As shown in *Table 8,* over three-quarters (79.3%) of all Active sentences were located on one of *four* specific spots of their respective sentencing ranges (*i.e.*, the lowest spot of the mitigated range, the lowest spot of the presumptive range, and the highest spot of the aggravated range). Of those Active sentences, 18.7% fell on the lowest spot of the mitigated range; 29.6% fell on the lowest spot of the presumptive range; 27.8% fell on the highest spot of the presumptive range; and 3.2% fell on the highest spot of the aggravated range.

Table 8 also provides information regarding sentences imposed on one of the four specific spots of the sentencing range by offense class. Convictions for Class H and I offenses had the highest percentages of Active sentences located on one of four specific spots of the range (with 87.8% and 88.2% respectively). Convictions for Class B2 offenses had the lowest percentage of Active sentences located on one of the four specific spots of the sentencing range (59.9%). A large percentage of Class C and Class D convictions (which includes habitual felon convictions) were sentenced on the lowest spot of the mitigated range (37.9% and 30.3% respectively). The majority of sentences for the other offense classes were located on either the lowest spot or the highest spot of the presumptive range. Appendix D, Table 3 provides further information about the percentage of sentences in the mitigated range and at the lowest spot of the presumptive range by offense class. Seventy percent of Class C convictions and 68% of Class D convictions were sentences within the mitigated range or at the lowest spot of the presumptive range, the highest percentages of all the offense classes.

Table 8: Most Frequent Sentencing Range Spots by Offense Class
Active Sentences Only
FY 2012/13 Felonies

	Location in the Sentencing Range								
Offense Class	Mitigated	Presui	mptive	Aggravated	% on the				
	% Lowest Spot	% Lowest Spot	% Highest Spot	% Highest Spot	Four Spots				
B1	16.1	19.6	18.9	9.8	64.3				
B2	12.0	14.2	23.6	10.1	59.9				
С	37.9	16.7	12.0	1.5	68.1				
D	30.3	20.4	12.7	1.2	64.6				
E	21.1	28.5	22.6	3.6	75.8				
F	16.7	29.5	23.0	2.3	71.5				
G	15.7	32.1	27.8	3.2	78.8				
н	15.5	33.9	35.2	3.2	87.8				
1	12.5	32.9	38.8	4.0	88.2				
Total	18.7	29.6	27.8	3.2	79.3				

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were also excluded from this table. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 9 shows the percentage of sentences by crime type. The numbers in parentheses show the percentage of sentences on each of the four spots. Close examination of the location of each Active sentence within its respective range revealed that the majority of offenders were sentenced within the first or fourth quarter of the presumptive portion of the range (31.4% and 28.6% of all cases respectively). Property and non-trafficking drug offenses account for the largest percentages of sentences on the four spots of the range (85.9% and 82.7% respectively).

Table 9: Sentencing Range by Crime Type
Active Sentences Only
FY 2012/13 Felonies

Location in the Sentencing Range										
Crime Type	%		Presun	nptive	%		% on the Four			
	Mitigated (Min. Spot)	% First Quarter (Min. Spot)	% Second Quarter	% Third Quarter	% Fourth Quarter (Max. Spot)	Aggravated (Max. Spot)	Spots			
Person	28.1 (18.4)	29.6 (26.6)	5.8	4.3	25.5 (23.5)	6.7 (4.4)	72.9			
Property	20.1 (15.0)	34.2 (33.5)	6.2	1.0	34.7 (34.5)	3.8 (2.9)	85.9			
Non-Trafficking Drug	21.9 (16.7)	32.2 (30.8)	7.2	2.3	32.0 (31.7)	4.4 (3.5)	82.7			
Other Felony	40.5 (27.3)	28.5 (25.9)	5.3	3.0	19.8 (19.2)	2.9 (1.6)	74.0			
Total	26.8 (18.7)	31.4 (29.6)	6.1	2.6	28.6 (27.8)	4.5 (3.2)	79.3			

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were also excluded from this table. Percentages may not add to totals due to rounding.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

V. INTERMEDIATE AND COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS

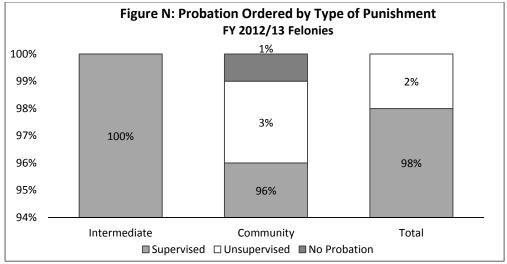
This section summarizes information about Intermediate and Community punishments. Information presented in this section reflects conditions of Intermediate and Community punishment as defined by G.S. § 15A-1340.11. An Intermediate punishment requires a sentence of supervised probation, whereas a Community punishment may consist of a sentence of supervised or unsupervised probation, but does not require it.

An Intermediate or Community punishment may include one or more of the following probation conditions: house arrest with electronic monitoring; community service; short-term jail confinements; substance abuse assessment, monitoring, or treatment; and education or vocational skills development. An Intermediate punishment may also include special probation and/or drug treatment court. Continuous alcohol monitoring (CAM) may be ordered if alcohol dependency has been identified by a substance abuse assessment or satellite-based monitoring (SBM) may be ordered if the probationer is a sex offender (as described by G.S. 14-208.40(a)(2)). In addition, conditions may include payment of restitution, fines, or court costs. It should be noted that some conditions (*e.g.*, drug treatment court) are not equally available across the state.

AOC only collects information on the following probation conditions within its current data management system: special probation, drug treatment court, house arrest with electronic monitoring, community service, restitution, fines, and court costs. As a result, data reported in this section include information on those conditions only and does not reflect the full scope of available conditions for offenders sentenced to Intermediate or Community punishment. As automated data about other conditions become available, they will be included in future reports.

This section only includes information on probation conditions that were imposed for Intermediate or Community punishments at sentencing. A single conviction often results in the imposition of more than one probation condition. Probation conditions that are subsequently imposed as a result of modifications to probation are not included.

During FY 2012/13, Intermediate punishments were imposed for 8,786 convictions and Community punishments were imposed for 8,079 convictions for a total of 16,865 non-active sentences.⁵ Overall, 16,551 convictions received supervised probation, 242 received unsupervised probation, and 72 did not receive probation. *Figure N* provides information regarding the type of probation imposed for Intermediate and Community punishment convictions. All offenders with an Intermediate punishment (100%) received supervised probation. Nearly all of Community punishment convictions (96%) received supervised probation, with only 3% receiving unsupervised probation and 1% having no probation ordered.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

A. Probation Length by Type of Punishment

Table 10 provides the average length of probation by offense class and type of punishment for offenders sentenced to probation (n=16,793) in FY 2012/13. Nearly half of probation sentences fell within Class H (n=8,101 or 48%) and had an average probation length of 28 months. Overall, the average probation length was 28 months.

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⁵ Of the 16,865 convictions where an Intermediate or Community punishment was imposed, 65% (n=11,029) were for offenses committed on or after December 1, 2011.

Table 10: Length of Probation by Offense Class and Type of Punishment FY 2012/13 Felonies

Offense Class	Turns of Dunish		Tota	_
Offense Class	Type of Punish	iment	Months	#
D	Intermediate		42	1
Б		Subtotal	42	1
	Intermediate		34	596
E	Community		33	103
		Subtotal	34	699
	Intermediate		33	888
F	Community		31	232
		Subtotal	33	1,120
	Intermediate		30	1,559
G	Community		29	445
		Subtotal	30	2,004
	Intermediate		29	4,159
н	Community		27	3,942
		Subtotal	28	8,101
	Intermediate		26	1,583
1	Community		23	3,285
		Subtotal	24	4,868
		Total	28	16,793

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table. This table includes convictions for Intermediate or Community punishments where not authorized under the Felony Punishment Chart.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 11 shows the average length of probation sentence for Intermediate and Community punishment convictions by crime type. The greatest number of convictions resulting in probation occurred for property offenses (n=7,296 or 43%) with an average probation length of 29 months. The lowest number of convictions resulting in probation were "other felony" offenses (n=1,658 or 10%), which included habitual felon convictions. Overall, person offenses resulted in the longest average probation sentence (32 months) and non-trafficking drug offenses resulted in the shortest average probation sentence (25 months).

Table 11: Length of Probation by Crime Type and Type of Punishment FY 2012/13 Felonies

Cuinna Truna	Turns of Dunishment		Total
Crime Type	Type of Punishment	Months	#
	Intermediate	33	1,411
Person	Community	30	460
	Subtotal	32	1,871
	Intermediate	30	3,536
Property	Community	28	3,760
	Subtotal	29	7,296
	Intermediate	27	2,748
Non-trafficking Drugs	Community	23	3,220
	Subtotal	25	5,968
	Intermediate	29	1,091
Other Felony	Community	25	567
	Subtotal	27	1,658
	Total	28	16,793

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table. This table includes convictions for Intermediate or Community punishments where not authorized under the Felony Punishment Chart.

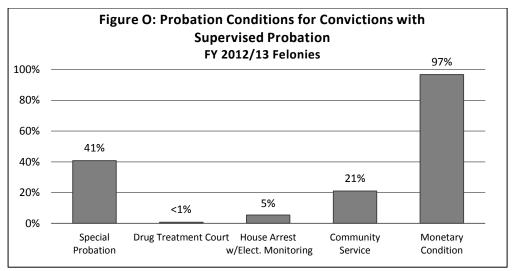
SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

B. Conditions of Probation⁶

In FY 2012/13, supervised probation was imposed for 16,551 convictions with an Intermediate or Community punishment. *Figure O* provides information on the conditions that were imposed for Community and Intermediate punishment convictions with supervised probation. Multiple probation conditions may have been ordered for a single conviction. As a result, the percentages provided in *Figure O* add to more than 100%. The most frequent condition imposed for supervised probation was a monetary condition (97%), which includes payment of fines, restitution, and/or court costs. Forty-one percent received special probation as a condition of supervised probation. Community service was imposed for 21% of Community and Intermediate punishment convictions with supervised probation. The least frequent conditions imposed were drug treatment court (less than 1%) and house arrest with electronic monitoring (5%).

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⁶ Information reported in this section includes data only on probation conditions captured in ACIS and does not reflect the full scope of available conditions for offenders sentenced to Intermediate or Community punishment.



Note: This figure includes information on probation conditions that are captured in AOC's ACIS. Conditions ordered are reported regardless of possible errors in ACIS (e.g., special probation or drug treatment court are not authorized conditions for a Community punishment). A single conviction may result in the imposition of more than one probation condition. As a result, the percentages reported add to more than 100%.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 12 provides detailed information about the conditions ordered at sentencing for Intermediate and Community punishment convictions with supervised probation, including the average length of probation. Conditions ordered are reported regardless of possible errors in ACIS (*i.e.*, special probation or drug treatment court are not authorized conditions for a Community punishment). Overall, 8,786 Intermediate punishment convictions and 7,765 Community punishment convictions resulted in supervised probation sentences. The average length of probation imposed was 30 months for convictions with an Intermediate punishment and 26 months for convictions with a Community punishment. Overall, a monetary condition (*i.e.*, fine, restitution, court costs) was the condition of probation most frequently ordered (n=16,006), followed by community service for Community punishment convictions (n=2,025) and special probation for Intermediate punishment convictions (n=6,579). Convictions with house arrest with electronic monitoring had the longest average length of supervision (32 months).

Table 12: Probation Conditions for Convictions with Supervised Probation FY 2012/13 Felonies

Conditions of Probation (Number and Average Probation Length)										
Type of Punishment	Special Drug Probation Court		House Arrest w/ Elect. Monitoring	Community Service	Monetary Condition	Total				
Intermediate	6,579	122	853	1,453	8,473	8,786				
	29 months	30 months	32 months	29 months	30 months	30 months				
Community	167	7	36	2,025	7,533	7,765				
	30 months	31 months	33 months	26 months	26 months	26 months				
Total	6,746	129	889	3,478	16,006	16,551				
	29 months	30 months	32 months	27 months	28 months	28 months				

Note: This table includes information on probation conditions that are captured in AOC's ACIS. Conditions ordered are reported regardless of possible errors in ACIS (*i.e.*, special probation or drug treatment court are not authorized conditions for a Community punishment). A single conviction may result in the imposition of more than one probation condition. The row totals equal the total number of convictions with supervised probation, rather than total number of conditions.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

In FY 2012/13, unsupervised probation was imposed for 242 convictions with a Community punishment. Multiple probation conditions may have been ordered for a single conviction. Of these convictions, 5% (n=13) included community service as a condition of probation and 80% (n=193) were ordered to pay monetary obligations (*i.e.*, fine, restitution, or court costs) as a condition of probation.

C. No Probation Sentence Ordered

A probation sentence is not required for Community punishment convictions. In FY 2012/13, 72 convictions with a Community punishment had no probation sentence ordered. As part of their sentence, 8% (n=6) of these convictions were ordered to perform community service and 68% (n=49) were ordered to pay monetary obligations (*i.e.*, fine, restitution, or court costs).

VI. SPECIAL ISSUES

This section reviews other issues of interest including death and life sentences, habitual status offenders, firearm enhancements, drug trafficking convictions, and Advanced Supervised Release.

A. Death and Life Sentences

Offenders convicted of first degree murder may receive a sentence of either death or life without parole. The sentence of life without parole is also required for offenders convicted of Class B1 felonies who are

sentenced from the aggravated range in Prior Record Levels V and VI, certain offenders convicted of second or subsequent Class B1 felonies, and offenders found to be violent habitual felons (see also, Habitual Status Offenders). During FY 2012/13, one (1) death sentence and 68 life without parole sentences were imposed for felons convicted of first degree murder, murder of an unborn child, and first degree sex offense with a child.

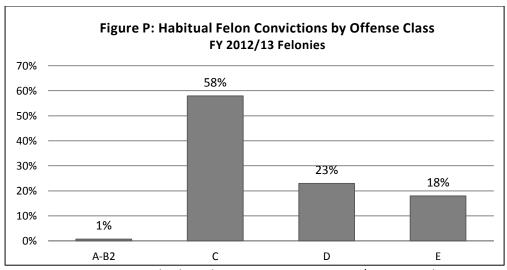
Minors (defined as offenders under the age of 18 at the time of the offense) convicted of first degree murder may receive a sentence of either life without parole or life with parole. Of the 68 life without parole sentences described above, four (4) were for minors convicted of first degree murder. In addition, one (1) minor convicted of first degree murder received a sentence of life with parole.

B. Habitual Status Offenders

A violent habitual felon is an offender with at least two prior Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felony convictions (each conviction having occurred before he or she committed the next offense) who has currently been convicted of a Class A, B1, B2, C, D, or E felony offense and who has been found by a jury to be a violent habitual felon. A violent habitual felon is sentenced to life without parole. (N.C.G.S. §§ 14-7.7 to -7.12) During FY 2012/13, three (3) life without parole sentences were imposed for violent habitual felon convictions. The most serious substantive offenses associated with the violent habitual felon convictions were first degree rape, assault with a deadly weapon with intent to kill inflicting serious injury, and robbery with a dangerous weapon.

An habitual felon is an offender with at least three prior felony convictions (each conviction having occurred before he or she committed the next offense) who has currently been convicted of a felony offense and who has been found by a jury to be an habitual felon. (N.C.G.S. §§ 14-7.1 to -7.6) An habitual felon is sentenced as a Class C felon if the substantive felony offense was committed prior to December 1, 2011. For substantive felony offenses committed on or after December 1, 2011, an habitual felon is sentenced at a felony class that is four classes higher than the substantive felony for which the person was convicted, but under no circumstances higher than Class C. Of the 793 habitual felon convictions in FY 2012/13, 27% (n=212) were for substantive offenses occurring prior to December 1, 2011, while 73% (n=581) were for substantive felony offenses committed on or after December 1, 2011.

Figure P shows the breakdown of habitual felon convictions by offense class. Over half (n=468 or 58%) were sentenced as Class C felons, 23% were sentenced as Class D felons, and 18% were sentenced as Class E felons. Overall, 99% (n=786) were sentenced to an Active punishment and 1% (n=7) were sentenced to an Intermediate punishment.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 13 shows the breakdown by offense class and crime type of the most serious substantive felony offense associated with habitual felon convictions. The most serious substantive offense represents the most serious current conviction for which the offender was sentenced as an habitual felon and does not take into account the offense class of the three previous felony convictions. It should be noted that the most serious substantive offense may not be the conviction used to establish habitual felon status. It currently is not possible to determine the substantive conviction used to establish habitual felon status using data from ACIS. Thirty-eight percent of habitual felons had a conviction for a Class H offense as their most serious substantive conviction (n=301). Breaking or Entering Buildings was the most serious substantive conviction that occurred most frequently (n=125).

Table 13: Most Serious Substantive Offense Associated with Habitual Felon Convictions by Offense Class FY 2012/13 Felonies

CLASS A FELONIES		Total Conviction	ns=1
First Degree Murder	1		
CLASS B1 FELONIES		Total Conviction	ns=1
First Degree Rape	1		
CLASS B2 FELONIES		Total Conviction	ns=4
Second Degree Murder	2		
Attempted First Degree Murder	1		
Attempted First Degree Sexual Offense	1		
CLASS C FELONIES		Total Conviction	ns=14
AWDW Intent to Kill Inflicting Serious Injury	3	Conspiracy to Break/Enter w/ Felonious Intent	1
First Degree Kidnapping	2	Attempting to Traffic Opium	2
Manufacture Methamphetamine	2	Participate in Prostitution of a Minor	1
Accessory after the Fact to First Degree Murder	1	Other Person Crimes	2

Table 13: Most Serious Substantive Offense Associated with Habitual Felon Convictions by Offense Class (continued)

FY 2012/13 Felonies

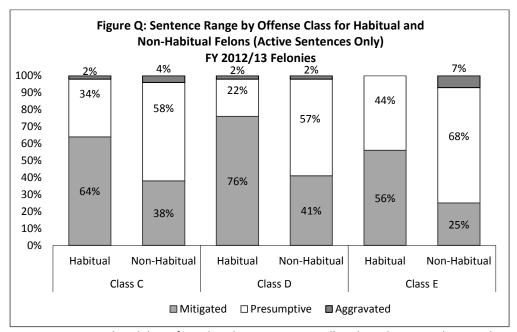
Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon 27 Voluntary Manslaughter 1 First Degree Burglary 6 Robbery with a Firearm 1 Attempted Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon 3 PWISD Heroin 1 First Degree Arson 2 Träfficking Opium 1 Total Convictions-say AWDW Inflicting Serious Injury 11 Trafficking Stolen Identities 1 Second Degree Kidnapping 2 Other Person Offenses 5 Remove/Tamper with Sex Offender SBM 2 Other Person Offenses 5 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 5 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 5 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 5 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 1 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 1 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 18	CLASS D FELONIES		Total Conviction	ns=42
Attempted Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon 3 PWISD Heroin 1 First Degree Arson 2 Trafficking Opium 1 CLASS E FELONIES Total Convictions-s99 AWDW Inflicting Serious Injury 11 Trafficking Stolen Identities 1 Second Degree Kidnapping 2 Discharge Weapon into Occupied Property 2 Remove/Tamper with Sex Offender SBM 2 Other Person Offenses 5 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 15 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 16 Habitual Impaired Driving 12 Malicious Conduct by a Prisoner 4 Failure to Register as a Sex Offender 8 Burning Certain Buildings 1 Failure to Report Change of Address – Sex Offender 12 Other Person Offenses 18 Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery 1 Other Drug Offenses 18 Possession of a Firearm by a Felon 60 Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance 13 Common Law Robbery 2 Other Drug Offenses	Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon	27	Voluntary Manslaughter	1
First Degree Arson 2 Trafficking Opium 1 CLASS F FELONIES Total Convictions—39 AWDW Inflicting Serious Injury 11 Trafficking Stolen Identities 1 Second Degree Kidnapping 2 Discharge Weapon into Occupied Property 2 Remove/Tamper with Sex Offender SBM 2 Other Person Offenses 5 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 14 CLASS FELONIES Total Conviction==5 14 Habitual Impaired Driving 12 Malicious Conduct by a Prisoner 4 Failure to Register as a Sex Offender 8 Burning Certain Buildings 1 failure to Register as a Sex Offender 8 Burning Certain Buildings 1 failure to Report Change of Address – Sex Offender 12 Other Person Offenses 18 Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery 1 Other Prug Offenses 18 Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery 2 Other Drug Offenses 13 CLASS FELONIES Total Conviction=1 13 CLASS FELONIES <td>First Degree Burglary</td> <td>6</td> <td>Robbery with a Firearm</td> <td>1</td>	First Degree Burglary	6	Robbery with a Firearm	1
CLASS E FELONIES Total Convictions=39 AWDW Inflicting Serious Injury 11 Trafficking Stolen Identities 1 Second Degree Kidnapping 2 Discharge Weapon into Occupied Property 2 Remove/Tamper with Sex Offender SBM 2 Other Person Offenses 5 Attempted First Degree Burglary 2 Other Drug Offenses 14 CLASS FELONIES Total Conviction=66 Habitual Impaired Driving 12 Malicious Conduct by a Prisoner 4 Failure to Register as a Sex Offender 8 Burning Certain Buildings 1 Failure to Register as a Sex Offender 12 Other Person Offenses 18 Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery 1 Other Person Offenses 18 Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery 1 Other Drug Offenses 10 Common Law Robbery 23 Other Drug Offenses 41 Habitual Impaired Driving 1 Other Property Offenses 14 CLASS H FELONIES Habitual Misdemeanor Assault 3 Felony Larceny 23 Other Person Offenses	Attempted Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon	3	PWISD Heroin	1
AWDW Inflicting Serious Injury11Trafficking Stolen Identities1Second Degree Kidnapping2Discharge Weapon into Occupied Property2Remove/Tamper with Sex Offender SBM2Other Person Offenses5Attempted First Degree Burglary2Other Drug Offenses14Total Convictions=66Habitual Impaired Driving12Malicious Conduct by a Prisoner4Failure to Register as a Sex Offender8Burning Certain Buildings1Failure to Report Change of Address – Sex Offender12Other Person Offenses10Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery1Other Drug Offenses10CLASS G FELONIESTotal Convictions=152Possession of a Firearm by a Felon60Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance13Common Law Robbery23Other Drug Offenses41Habitual Impaired Driving1Other Property Offenses41Habitual Impaired Driving1Other Property Offenses14CLASS H FELONIESTotal Convictions=301Breaking or Entering Buildings125Habitual Misdemeanor Assault3Felony Larceny23Other Property Offenses12Obtain Property by False Pretenses22Other Property Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Property Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Property Offenses28Felony Pos	First Degree Arson	2	Trafficking Opium	1
Second Degree Kidnapping2Discharge Weapon into Occupied Property2Remove/Tamper with Sex Offender SBM2Other Person Offenses5Attempted First Degree Burglary2Other Drug Offenses14CLASS F FELONIESHabitual Impaired Driving12Malicious Conduct by a Prisoner4Failure to Register as a Sex Offender8Burning Certain Buildings1Failure to Report Change of Address – Sex Offender12Other Person Offenses18Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery1Other Drug Offenses10CLASS G FELONIESTotal Conviction=15Possession of a Firearm by a Felon60Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance13Common Law Robbery23Other Drug Offenses41Habitual Impaired Driving1Other Property Offenses41CLASS H FELONIESTotal Conviction=15Breaking or Entering Buildings125Habitual Misdemeanor Assault3Pelony Larceny23Other Person Offenses12Obtain Property by False Pretenses23Other Person Offenses25Datain Property by False Pretenses25Other Property Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Property Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of	CLASS E FELONIES		Total Convictio	ns=39
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CLASS F FELONIES Total Convictions—66 Habitual Impaired Driving 12 Malicious Conduct by a Prisoner 4 Failure to Register as a Sex Offender 8 Burning Certain Buildings 1 Failure to Report Change of Address – Sex Offender 12 Other Person Offenses 18 Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery 1 Other Drug Offenses 10 CLASS G FELONIES Total Convictions=152 Possession of a Firearm by a Felon 60 Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance 13 Common Law Robbery 23 Other Drug Offenses 41 Habitual Impaired Driving 1 Other Property Offenses 14 Leasting or Entering Buildings 125 Habitual Misdemeanor Assault 3 Felony Larceny 23 Other Person Offenses 12 Obtain Property by False Pretenses 22 Other Property Offenses 37 PWISD Cocaine 30 Other Prug Offenses 18 Larceny of a Motor Vehicle 6 Other Felony Offenses 18 Large Intering a Motor Vehicle 34 <	Remove/Tamper with Sex Offender SBM	2	Other Person Offenses	5
Habitual Impaired Driving12Malicious Conduct by a Prisoner4Failure to Register as a Sex Offender8Burning Certain Buildings1Failure to Report Change of Address – Sex Offender12Other Person Offenses18Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery1Other Drug Offenses10CLASS G FELONIESTotal Convictions=152Possession of a Firearm by a Felon60Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance13Common Law Robbery23Other Drug Offenses41Habitual Impaired Driving1Other Property Offenses14CLASS H FELONIESTotal Convictions=301Breaking or Entering Buildings125Habitual Misdemeanor Assault3Felony Larceny23Other Person Offenses12Obtain Property by False Pretenses22Other Property Offenses37PWISD Cocaine30Other Drug Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Pelony Offenses18CLASS I FELONIESTotal Convictions=173Breaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	Attempted First Degree Burglary	2	Other Drug Offenses	14
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CLASS G FELONIESTotal Convictions=152Possession of a Firearm by a Felon60Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance13Common Law Robbery23Other Drug Offenses41Habitual Impaired Driving1Other Property Offenses14CLASS H FELONIESBreaking or Entering Buildings125Habitual Misdemeanor Assault3Felony Larceny23Other Person Offenses12Obtain Property by False Pretenses22Other Property Offenses37PWISD Cocaine30Other Drug Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Felony Offenses18CLASS I FELONIESBreaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	Failure to Report Change of Address – Sex Offender	12	Other Person Offenses	18
Possession of a Firearm by a Felon60Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance13Common Law Robbery23Other Drug Offenses41Habitual Impaired Driving1Other Property Offenses14CLASS H FELONIESBreaking or Entering Buildings125Habitual Misdemeanor Assault3Felony Larceny23Other Person Offenses12Obtain Property by False Pretenses22Other Property Offenses37PWISD Cocaine30Other Drug Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Felony Offenses18CLASS I FELONIESBreaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	Accessory after the Fact – Armed Robbery	1	Other Drug Offenses	10
Common Law Robbery23Other Drug Offenses41Habitual Impaired Driving1Other Property Offenses14CLASS H FELONIESTotal Convictions=301Breaking or Entering Buildings125Habitual Misdemeanor Assault3Felony Larceny23Other Person Offenses12Obtain Property by False Pretenses22Other Property Offenses37PWISD Cocaine30Other Drug Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Felony Offenses18CLASS I FELONIESBreaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	CLASS G FELONIES		Total Conviction	s=152
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Breaking or Entering Buildings125Habitual Misdemeanor Assault3Felony Larceny23Other Person Offenses12Obtain Property by False Pretenses22Other Property Offenses37PWISD Cocaine30Other Drug Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Felony Offenses18CLASS I FELONIESBreaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	Habitual Impaired Driving	1	Other Property Offenses	14
Felony Larceny Obtain Property by False Pretenses 22 Other Property Offenses 37 PWISD Cocaine 30 Other Drug Offenses 25 Larceny of a Motor Vehicle 6 Other Felony Offenses 18 CLASS I FELONIES Total Convictions=173 Breaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle 34 PWISD Marijuana 12 Attempted Larceny 12 Other Person Offenses 6 Attempted Breaking or Entering 5 Other Property Offenses 28 Felony Possession of Cocaine 40 Other Drug Offenses 26 Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance 9 Other Felony Offenses	CLASS H FELONIES		Total Conviction	s=301
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PWISD Cocaine30Other Drug Offenses25Larceny of a Motor Vehicle6Other Felony Offenses18CLASS I FELONIESTotal Convictions=173Breaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	Felony Larceny	23	Other Person Offenses	12
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CLASS I FELONIESTotal Convictions=173Breaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	PWISD Cocaine	30	Other Drug Offenses	25
Breaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle34PWISD Marijuana12Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	Larceny of a Motor Vehicle	6	Other Felony Offenses	18
Attempted Larceny12Other Person Offenses6Attempted Breaking or Entering5Other Property Offenses28Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	CLASS I FELONIES		Total Conviction	s=173
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Felony Possession of Cocaine40Other Drug Offenses26Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance9Other Felony Offenses1	Attempted Larceny	12	Other Person Offenses	6
Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance 9 Other Felony Offenses 1	Attempted Breaking or Entering	5	Other Property Offenses	28
	Felony Possession of Cocaine	40	Other Drug Offenses	26
Total Convictions 793	Felony Possession Schedule II Controlled Substance	9	Other Felony Offenses	1
	Total Convictions			793

Note: The most serious substantive offense may not be the conviction used to establish habitual felon status. The offense class to which a habitual felon is sentenced depends on whether the substantive offense occurred prior to or on or after December 1, 2011.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Figure Q shows the breakdown of habitual felon convictions by sentencing range (mitigated, presumptive, and aggravated) as compared to non-habitual felons in the same offense classes. Overall, habitual felons were more likely to be sentenced in the mitigated range than non-habitual felons, whereas non-habitual

felons were more likely to be sentenced in the presumptive range. Class D habitual felons received the highest percentage of mitigated sentences (76%) compared to Class C (64%) and Class E habitual felons (56%).



Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this figure.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

A habitual breaking and entering status offender is an offender with at least one prior felony breaking and entering conviction (the conviction having occurred before he or she committed the next offense) who has currently been convicted of a felony breaking and entering offense (first degree burglary, second degree burglary, breaking out of a dwelling, breaking or entering buildings generally, breaking or entering a place of worship) and who has been found to be a habitual breaking and entering status offender. Offenders who are convicted as habitual breaking and entering status offenders are sentenced in Class E according to the Felony Punishment Chart.

There were 150 habitual breaking and entering status offense convictions during FY 2012/13. Ninety-four percent (n=145) had a conviction for a Class H offense as their most serious substantive conviction. Eighty-eight percent (n=132) were sentenced to an Active punishment, 9% (n=14) were sentenced to an Intermediate punishment, and 3% (n=4) were sentenced to a Community punishment. Of the 150 habitual breaking and entering convictions, 33% (n=49) were sentenced in the mitigated range, 61% (n=92) were sentenced in the aggravated range.

C. Firearm Enhancement

The firearm enhancement requires the judge to increase an offender's active sentence by sixty months if the offender is convicted of a Class A, B1, B2, C, D or E felony and the jury finds that he or she used, displayed, or threatened to use or display a firearm during the commission of the felony. The firearm

enhancement cannot be applied if the firearm is used to prove an element of the offense, nor can it be applied to non-active sentences. (N.C.G.S. § 15A-1340.16A) The firearm enhancement was not applied to any convictions in FY 2012/13.

D. Drug Trafficking Convictions

Drug trafficking offenses are subject to mandatory active sentences with the following minimum and maximum sentence lengths (in months) regardless of the offender's prior record level.

Drug Trafficking	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
Class C	225	282
Class D	175	222
Class E	90	120
Class F	70	93
Class G	35	51
Class H	25	39

If the judge finds that the offender provided substantial assistance in the identification, arrest, or conviction of any accomplices, accessories, co-conspirators or principals, then the judge may impose any lesser minimum and corresponding maximum sentence, or suspend the sentence and enter any sentence within his or her discretion. (N.C.G.S. \S 90-95(h)(5)).

As shown in *Table 14*, there were 463 convictions for drug trafficking offenses in FY 2012/13.⁷ The most frequently occurring drug trafficking convictions were in Class F (n=186), followed by Class G (n=158).

Table 14: Drug Trafficking Convictions FY 2012/13 Felonies

04	ffense Class and Trafficking		1	Type of	Punishme	Minimum Active	Maximum Active			
OI	Offense	Ac	Active		Intermediate		nunity	Sentence	Sentence	Total
		#	%	#	%	#	%	(Months)	(Months)	
	Traffic Heroin	8	73	2	18	1	9	118	150	11
	Traffic Methamphetamine	1	100		•		•	225	279	1
С	Consp. Traffic Heroin	1	100					225	279	1
	Other Trafficking	8	80	2	20			138	172	10
	Subtotal	18	78	4	17	1	4	136	171	23
	Traffic Cocaine	6	100		•			175	220	6
	Traffic Heroin	1	100					175	219	1
D	Consp. Traffic Cocaine					1	100	72	96	1
	Other Trafficking	8	67	4	33		•	120	152	12
	Subtotal	15	75	4	20	1	5	137	173	20

⁷ Information presented in *Table 14* includes drug trafficking and conspiracy convictions only. Other drug trafficking offenses, such as attempts, are sentenced under the Felony Punishment Chart and are not included in *Table 14*.

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Table 14: Drug Trafficking Convictions (continued)
FY 2012/13 Felonies

04	Offense Class and Trafficking Offense		7	Type of	Punishm	ent		Minimum	Maximum	
Oi			Active Intermediat			Comn	nunity	Active Sentence	Active Sentence	Total
			%	#	%	#	%	(Months)	(Months)	
	Traffic Cocaine			1	100			16	20	1
_	Traffic Heroin	12	86	1	7	1	7	85	110	14
E	Other Trafficking	16	80	3	15	1	5	75	98	20
	Subtotal	28	80	5	14	2	6	77	100	35
	Traffic Methamphetamine	6	100		•			61	77	6
	Traffic Marijuana			1	100			16	20	1
	Traffic Cocaine	13	100					65	79	13
F	Traffic Heroin	83	90	7	8	2	2	61	75	92
F	Consp. Traffic Cocaine	3	100					70	84	3
	Consp. Traffic Heroin	7	100					53	67	7
	Other Trafficking	53	83	6	9	5	8	58	71	64
	Subtotal	165	89	14	8	7	4	60	73	186
	Traffic in MDA/MDMA	2	100					35	42	2
	Consp. Traffic MDA/MDMA			1	100			12	24	1
	Traffic Marijuana	2	100					35	42	2
	Traffic Cocaine	58	94	2	3	2	3	34	42	62
G	Traffic Heroin	3	100					77	95	3
	Consp. Traffic Marijuana	1	100					35	42	1
	Consp. Traffic Cocaine	4	80	1	20			31	39	5
	Other Trafficking	74	90	4	5	4	5	34	41	82
	Subtotal	144	91	8	5	6	4	34	42	158
	Consp. Traffic Meth.	1	100		•			25	30	1
	Traffic Amphetamine	1	100					25	30	1
н	Traffic Marijuana	14	74	1	6	4	21	24	29	19
	Consp. Traffic Marijuana	4	100					26	27	4
	Other Trafficking	11	69	1	6	4	25	22	28	16
	Subtotal	31	76	2	5	8	20	23	28	41
	Total	401	87	37	8	25	5	56	70	463

Note: This table reflects all drug trafficking convictions regardless of whether the offense classes are correct or whether the sentences are consistent with the minimum and maximum sentences set forth in N.C.G.S. §90-95(h). For example, according to statute, an offender can only be convicted of trafficking cocaine in Classes D, F, and G. However, in the table, there is a Class E conviction for trafficking cocaine. Non-active sentences and those shorter than mandatory active sentences may reflect the use of the substantial assistance provision or incorrect offense identification.

E. Advanced Supervised Release

Advanced Supervised Release (ASR) is a sentencing option available for certain offenders (those convicted of offenses in certain offense classes and prior record levels set by statute) receiving active sentences (N.C.G.S. § 15A-1340.18). Unless there is objection from the prosecutor, judges may decide at sentencing to order eligible offenders to the ASR program. Upon completion of certain requirements while in prison, the offender may be released at a reduced minimum sentence (*i.e.*, the lowest mitigated sentence if the sentence imposed was in the presumptive range or 80% of the minimum sentence if the sentence imposed was in the mitigated range).

AOC did not capture information related to ASR sentences until the fall of 2012. As a result, incomplete data were available in ACIS for FY 2012/13. Based on available data, there were 77 convictions with an ASR sentence in FY 2012/13. Overall, there were 18 ASR sentences imposed in Class D, 14 in Class E, nine (9) in Class F, 15 in Class G, and 18 in Class H. In addition, there were three (3) ASR sentences imposed in offense classes in which ASR is not authorized (1 in Class C and 2 in Class I). In these instances, the ASR sentence may have been imposed for a less serious conviction, and not the offender's most serious conviction.

SECTION II

MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FY 2012/13

I. MISDEMEANOR CONVICTIONS IN FY 2012/13

A. Definition of the Unit of Analysis

The unit of analysis for this report is convictions disposed of in a sentencing episode.

Definition of a Sentencing Episode:

A sentencing episode is identified from court records as the sentence imposed for the most serious conviction on a given day of court. While a sentencing episode involves one offender, in our reporting time frame an offender may be represented by more than one sentencing episode (meaning that within the fiscal year the number of offenders will be the same as or less than the number of sentencing episodes reported). For the sake of simplicity, throughout the report the unit of analysis is referred to as "conviction."

B. Misdemeanor Convictions

This section contains detailed information about misdemeanor convictions and sentences imposed under Structured Sentencing during FY 2012/13 (July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013). Overall, sentences for 130,361 misdemeanor convictions were imposed. For many of the tables, information on 3,040 convictions (or 2.3%) was excluded due to data discrepancies. Such exclusions are noted at the end of each table. The misdemeanor punishment chart for offenses committed December 1, 1995 through November 30, 2013 is printed on the inside back cover of the report.

The following categories of misdemeanor convictions are excluded from this report:

- 1) Misdemeanor Driving While Impaired offenses (since they are not governed by Structured Sentencing laws);
- 2) Cases disposed of by a magistrate;
- 3) Class 2 and 3 criminal traffic offenses; and
- 4) Local ordinance offenses.

C. Distribution of Convictions within the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart

Table 15 shows the distribution of convictions within the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart. Of the 127,321 misdemeanor convictions, 9% fell into Class A1, 59% fell into Class 1, 15% fell into Class 2, and 17% fell into Class 3. Thirty-one percent of misdemeanor convictions fell into Prior Conviction Level I, 41.5% fell into Prior Conviction Level II, and 27.5% fell into Prior Conviction Level III. Relative to other cells within the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart, the greatest number of convictions fell into Class 1 with Prior Conviction Level II (n=32,125 or 25.2%).

Table 15: Distribution of Convictions within the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

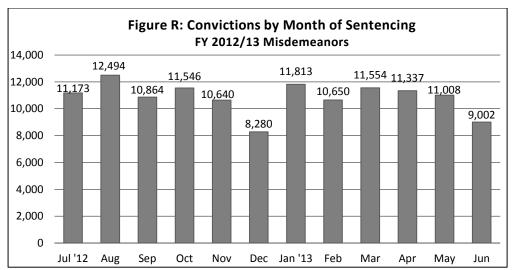
Offense Class		Total		
Offense Class	I 0 Points	II 1-4 Points	III 5+ Points	Total
A1	2,342	4,749	4,091	11,182
	1.9%	3.7%	3.2%	8.8%
1	21,983	32,125	21,803	75,911
	17.3%	25.2%	17.1%	59.6%
2	6,701	7,765	4,200	18,666
	5.3%	6.1%	3.3%	14.7%
3	8,297 8,286		4,979	21,562
	6.5% 6.5%		3.9%	16.9%
Total	39,323	52,925	35,073	127,321
	31.0%	41.5%	27.5%	100.0%

Note: Of the 130,361 misdemeanor convictions in FY 2012/13, 3,040 (or 2.3%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

D. Convictions by Month of Sentencing

Figure R shows the number of misdemeanor convictions (N=130,161) by month of sentencing during FY 2012/13. Convictions peaked in August and were lowest in December.



E. Convictions by Judicial District and County

Table 16 shows the number of convictions by judicial district and county. The table indicates whether a conviction occurred in District or Superior Court and whether it resulted from a guilty plea, bench trial, or jury trial. See *Appendix A* for a map of judicial districts. In FY 2012/13, there were 122,472 guilty pleas/bench trials in District Court, and 7,689 guilty pleas and 200 jury trials in Superior Court.

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial District	and County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 1	Camden	80	13	1	94
	Chowan	208	29	0	237
	Currituck	250	34	0	284
	Dare	569	105	0	674
	Gates	69	12	0	81
	Pasquotank	707	59	1	767
	Perquimans	176	22	0	198
	Total	2,059	274	2	2,335
District 2	Beaufort	909	93	3	1,005
	Hyde	100	8	1	109
	Martin	525	36	0	561
	Tyrrell	121	9	2	132
	Washington	266	22	1	289
	Total	1,921	168	7	2,096
District 3A	Pitt	2,504	263	6	2,773
	Total	2,504	263	6	2,773
District 3B	Carteret	930	47	3	980
	Craven	1,921	86	1	2,008
	Pamlico	192	6	0	198
	Total	3,043	139	4	3,186
District 4	Duplin	820	105	1	926
	Jones	211	38	0	249
	Onslow	2,077	153	4	2,234
	Sampson	1,321	10	1	1,332
	Total	4,429	306	6	4,741
District 5	New Hanover	3,189	114	1	3,304
	Pender	454	17	2	473
	Total	3,643	131	3	3,777
District 6A	Halifax	726	86	2	814
	Total	726	86	2	814

⁸ For misdemeanor convictions in Superior Court, see N.C.G.S § 7A-271(a).

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Table 16: Convictions by Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial Dist	trict and County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 6B	Bertie	276	47	0	323
	Hertford	422	52	0	474
	Northampton	266	37	1	304
	Total	964	136	1	1,101
District 7	Edgecombe	811	131	6	948
	Nash	1,287	145	3	1,435
	Wilson	1,020	167	2	1,189
	Total	3,118	443	11	3,572
District 8	Greene	276	66	0	342
	Lenoir	1,319	174	1	1,494
	Wayne	1,843	129	7	1,979
	Total	3,438	369	8	3,815
District 9	Franklin	502	84	0	586
	Granville	570	94	2	666
	Vance	1,017	150	0	1,167
	Warren	219	49	0	268
	Total	2,308	377	2	2,687
District 9A	Caswell	179	31	1	211
	Person	585	84	3	672
	Total	764	115	4	883
District 10	Wake	9,852	223	10	10,085
2.50.100 25	Total	9,852	223	10	10,085
District 11	Harnett	772	12	0	784
	Johnston	1,022	26	1	1,049
	Lee	596	62	1	659
	Total	2,390	100	2	2,492
District 12	Cumberland	2,745	327	4	3,076
2.50.100 12	Total	2,745	327	4	3,076
District 13	Bladen	487	46	1	534
	Brunswick	1,297	79	1	1,377
	Columbus	847	64	1	912
	Total	2,631	189	3	2,823
District 14	Durham	3,109	54	3	3,166
District 14	Total	3,109 3,109	5 4	3 3	3,166
District 15A	Alamance	2,361	120	8	2,489
DISTRICT 13A	Total	2,361 2,361	120 120	8	2,489 2,489
District 158					· ·
District 15B	Chatham	428	18	1	447
	Orange	921	28	1	950 1 207
	Total	1,349	46	2	1,397

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

Judicial District and County		District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial District	and County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 16A	Hoke	788	32	1	821
	Scotland	1,223	38	0	1,261
	Total	2,011	70	1	2,082
District 16B	Robeson	3,250	73	1	3,324
	Total	3,250	73	1	3,324
District 17A	Rockingham	1,488	41	2	1,531
	Total	1,488	41	2	1,531
District 17B	Stokes	546	90	1	637
	Surry	1,156	90	1	1,247
	Total	1,702	180	2	1,884
District 18	Guilford	5,622	577	4	6,203
	Total	5,622	577	4	6,203
District 19A	Cabarrus	4,252	135	3	4,390
	Total	4,252	135	3	4,390
District 19B	Montgomery	526	31	0	557
	Randolph	1,775	79	2	1,856
	Total	2,301	110	2	2,413
District 19C	Rowan	3,088	110	5	3,203
	Total	3,088	110	5	3,203
District 19D	Moore	973	58	0	1,031
	Total	973	58	0	1,031
District 20A	Anson	422	116	1	539
	Richmond	605	106	0	711
	Stanly	602	144	0	746
	Total	1,629	366	1	1,996
District 20B	Union	1,202	270	3	1,475
	Total	1,202	270	3	1,475
District 21	Forsyth	5,573	61	14	5,648
	Total	5,573	61	14	5,648
District 22A	Alexander	351	20	0	371
	Iredell	1,813	43	3	1,859
	Total	2,164	63	3	2,230

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued) FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial Dis	trict and County	Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 22B	Davidson	2,513	106	2	2,621
	Davie	407	24	1	432
	Total	2,920	130	3	3,053
District 23	Alleghany	136	8	0	144
	Ashe	274	6	0	280
	Wilkes	1,029	12	0	1,041
	Yadkin	541	5	1	547
	Total	1,980	31	1	2,012
District 24	Avery	212	13	0	225
	Madison	170	8	0	178
	Mitchell	176	18	0	194
	Watauga	477	44	1	522
	Yancey	142	18	0	160
	Total	1,177	101	1	1,279
District 25	Burke	1,249	74	1	1,324
	Caldwell	1,482	80	6	1,568
	Catawba	2,561	133	2	2,696
	Total	5,292	287	9	5,588
District 26	Mecklenburg	6,234	414	21	6,669
	Total	6,234	414	21	6,669
District 27A	Gaston	2,540	297	5	2,842
	Total	2,540	297	5	2,842
District 27B	Cleveland	2,253	79	5	2,337
	Lincoln	1,056	95	1	1,152
	Total	3,309	174	6	3,489
District 28	Buncombe	3,912	68	4	3,984
	Total	3,912	68	4	3,984
District 29A	McDowell	789	46	1	836
	Rutherford	1,625	50	8	1,683
	Total	2,414	96	9	2,519
District 29B	Henderson	1,375	14	4	1,393
	Polk	227	4	0	231
	Transylvania	415	5	3	423
	Total	2,017	23	7	2,047

Table 16: Convictions by Judicial District, County, and Mode of Disposition (continued)

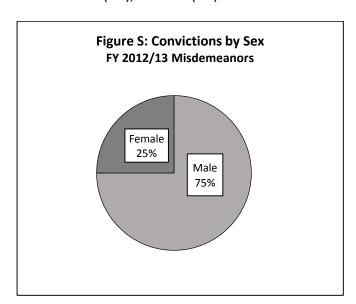
FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

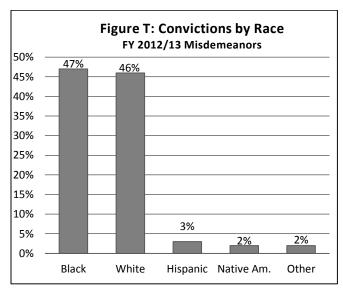
		District Court	Superio	r Court	
Judicial District and County		Guilty Plea/ Bench Trial	Guilty Plea	Jury Trial	Total
District 30	Cherokee	265	10	2	277
	Clay	59	3	0	62
	Graham	62	12	0	74
	Haywood	746	24	0	770
	Jackson	426	11	0	437
	Macon	290	18	0	308
	Swain	220	10	3	233
Total		2,068	88	5	2,161
	State Total	122,472	7,689	200	130,361

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

II. CHARACTERISTICS OF OFFENDERS

This section provides a summary of misdemeanor convictions by sex, race, and age of offenders. As shown in *Figure S*, the majority of misdemeanor convictions were for males (75%). *Figure T* shows that 47% of all misdemeanor offenders were Black, 46% were White. Only a small percentage were Hispanic (3%), Native American (2%), or Other (2%).

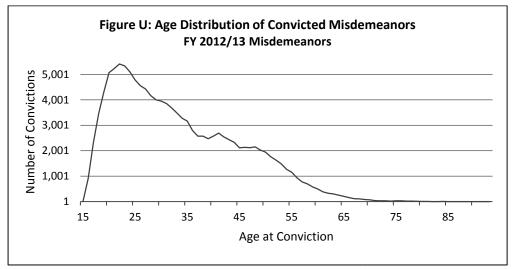




SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Based on age at conviction, 13% of misdemeanor convictions were for offenders under the age of 21, 20% were 21-25 years of age, 16% were 26-30 years of age, 24% were 31-40 years of age, 17% were 41-50 years of age, and 10% were over 50 years of age. The average age at conviction was 33 years. *Figure U* illustrates the age distribution of misdemeanor offenders at conviction. As with felons, the volume of

offenders peaks in the late teens and early twenties and then generally declines. *Table 17* provides a summary of misdemeanor convictions by sex, race, and age of offenders.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 17: Convictions by Sex, Race, and Age FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

Cov	and Dage			Age at Co	onviction			Total
Sex	and Race	<21	21-25	26-30	31-40	41-50	>50	Total
	White	5,404	8,105	6,768	10,007	7,520	4,437	42,241
	Black	6,014	9,650	7,251	10,028	8,324	5,849	47,116
Male	Hispanic	629	773	795	1,140	479	161	3,977
iviale	Native Amer.	193	332	325	513	338	183	1,884
	Other	248	320	242	343	216	147	1,516
	Subtotal	12,488	19,180	15,381	22,031	16,877	10,777	96,734
	White	1,690	3,178	3,133	4,844	3,145	1,288	17,278
	Black	1,668	3,139	2,275	3,069	2,213	938	13,302
Female	Hispanic	99	121	106	160	67	27	580
remale	Native Amer.	69	151	135	254	150	52	811
	Other	67	93	72	103	55	30	420
	Subtotal	3,593	6,682	5,721	8,430	5,630	2,335	32,391
	Total	16,081	25,862	21,102	30,461	22,507	13,112	129,125

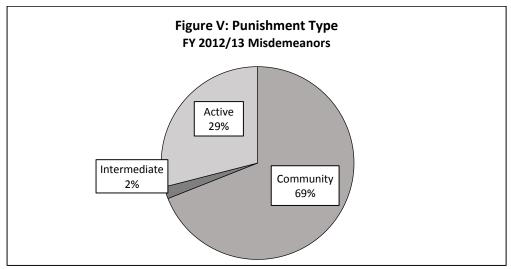
Note: Of the 130,361 misdemeanor convictions in FY 2012/13, 1,236 convictions with missing values for offenders' age were excluded from this table.

III. PUNISHMENT IMPOSED FOR MISDEMEANORS

This section summarizes information about the types of punishment imposed (Active, Intermediate, or Community) for misdemeanor convictions. It also shows the average sentence imposed and the average time to be served – adjusting for credit for time served – for misdemeanants who received an Active punishment.

A. Overall Punishment

As shown in *Figure V*, an Active punishment was imposed for 29% of misdemeanor convictions; an Intermediate punishment was imposed for 2% of misdemeanor convictions; and a Community punishment was imposed for 69% of misdemeanor convictions. Of the Active punishments imposed, 90% were for sentences of 90 days or less, with the remaining 10% for sentences greater than 90 days.⁹



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

B. Punishment Imposed by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level

Misdemeanor convictions and sentences imposed are presented within the context of the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart in *Table 18*. Most convictions – regardless of the offense class or prior conviction level – resulted in the imposition of a Community punishment. The detailed information provided allows for examination of the overall number of convictions and type of punishment imposed (Active, Intermediate, or Community), as well as an examination of these data by offense class, by prior conviction level, and for each combination of offense class and prior conviction level (*i.e.*, cell). The table also includes the average sentence length for convictions for which an Active sentence was imposed. Convictions for Class A1 misdemeanors accounted for the largest percentage of Active sentences imposed relative to all other

⁹ The JRA created the Statewide Misdemeanant Confinement Program (SMCP) for certain misdemeanants, effective for sentences imposed on or after January 1, 2012. Under the SMCP, a misdemeanant who receives an active sentence of between 91 and 180 days (and is not convicted of impaired driving offenses) shall be incarcerated in a local confinement facility, rather than prison. It is important to note the maximum sentence length allowed by the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart is 150 days. In order for a misdemeanant to receive a sentence of 180 days, the judge must order consecutive sentences.

offense classes (36%). The likelihood of receiving an Active punishment increased as prior conviction level increased.

Table 18: Convictions and Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		Prior Conviction Leve	ı	
Offense Class			l	Total
	1	II		
	0 Points	1-4 Points	5+ Points	
	C/I/A	C/I/A	C/I/A	C/I/A
	C 1 COO (730/)	C 2.057/C40/\	C 1.003 (4C0/)	C (((((((((((((((((((
	C = 1,690 (72%) I = 74 (3%)	C = 3,057 (64%) I = 224 (5%)	C = 1,893 (46%) I = 271 (7%)	C = 6,640 (59%) I = 569 (5%)
A1	A = 578 (25%)	A = 1,468 (31%)	A = 1,927 (47%)	A = 3,973 (36%)
	n = 2,342	n = 4,749	n = 4,091	n = 11,182
	11 - 2,5+2	11 - 4,743	11 - 4,031	11-11,102
	32.7 days	45.2 days	93.2 days	66.7 days
	С	C/I/A	C/I/A	C/I/A
	0 40 272 (2.27)	0 20 20- (-00)	0 40 400 (500)	0 50 000 (510)
	C = 18,379 (84%)	C = 23,387 (73%)	C = 12,130 (56%)	C = 53,896 (71%)
1	I = 95 (0%)	I = 584 (2%)	I = 902 (4%)	I = 1,581 (2%)
	A = 3,509 (16%) n = 21,983	A = 8,154 (25%) n = 32,125	A = 8,771 (40%) n = 21,803	A = 20,434 (27%) n = 75,911
	11 – 21,905	11 - 32,123	11 - 21,005	11 - 75,911
	20.3 days	24.1 days	58.7 days	38.3 days
	С	C/I	C/I/A	C/I/A
	C = 5,315 (79%)	C = 5,338 (69%)	C = 1,986 (47%)	C = 12,639 (68%)
2	I = 10 (0%)	I = 78 (1%)	I = 69 (2%)	I = 157 (1%)
_	A = 1,376 (21%)	A = 2,349 (30%)	A = 2,145 (51%)	A = 5,870 (31%)
	n = 6,701	n = 7,765	n = 4,200	n = 18,666
	12.2 days	19 E days	27.7 days	20 6 days
	13.2 days	18.5 days C/I	27.7 days C/I/A	20.6 days C/I/A
		C/I	C/I/A	C/I/A
	C = 6,368 (77%)	C = 5,954 (72%)	C = 2,267 (46%)	C = 14,589 (68%)
	I = 2 (0%)	I = 28 (0%)	I = 17 (0%)	I = 47 (0%)
3	A = 1,927 (23%)	A = 2,304 (28%)	A = 2,695 (54%)	A = 6,926 (32%)
	n = 8,297	n = 8,286	n = 4,979	n = 21,562
	5.7 days	7.9 days	9.6 days	7.9 days
	C/I/A	C/I/A	C/I/A	C/I/A
	C = 31,752 (81%)	C = 37,736 (71%)	C = 18,276 (52%)	C = 87,764 (69%)
	I = 181 (0%)	I = 914 (2%)	I = 1,259 (4%)	I = 2,354 (2%)
Total	A = 7,390 (19%)	A = 14,275 (27%)	A = 15,538 (44%)	A = 37,203 (29%)
	n = 39,323	n = 52,925	n = 35,073	n = 127,321
	11 - 33,323	11 - 32,323	11 - 33,073	11 - 127,321
	16.1 days	22.7 days	50.1 days	32.9 days

Note: Of the 130,361 misdemeanor convictions in FY 2012/13, 3,040 (or 2.3%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons. Active sentences in cells in which an Active punishment is not a sentencing option may be attributed to the use of credit for time served.

C. Average Length of Active Sentences

Table 19 shows the average sentence imposed, average credit for time served, and average time to be served for misdemeanor convictions resulting in an Active punishment. Time to be served is calculated by subtracting credit for time served from the Active sentence imposed. The length of Active sentences imposed and time to be served were found to increase as offense class and prior conviction level increased. The longest average time to be served was for Class A1 misdemeanors (37.7 days). Overall, the average time to be served for misdemeanor convictions was 18.1 days. Seventy-one percent of offenders with Active sentences received credit for time served, with an average credit of 14.8 days.

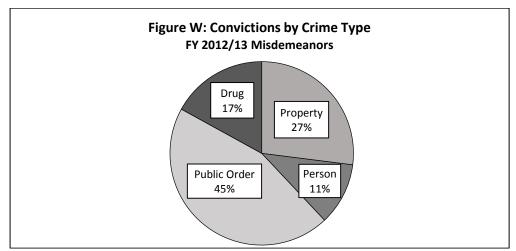
Table 19: Average Length of Active Sentences by Offense Class and Prior Conviction Level FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		Prio	Conviction L	.evel	
	Offense Class	I 0 Points	II 1-4 Points	III 5+ Points	Total
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	32.7	45.2	93.2	66.7
A1	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	21.5	25.8	33.6	29.0
AI	Average Time to be Served (Days)	11.1	19.4	59.6	37.7
	No. Active Sentences	578	1,468	1,927	3,973
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	20.3	24.1	58.7	38.3
1	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	14.2	13.5	18.3	15.7
1	Average Time to be Served (Days)	6.0	10.6	40.3	22.6
	No. Active Sentences	3,509	8,154	8,771	20,434
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	13.2	18.5	27.7	20.6
2	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	10.8	13.4	14.4	13.2
2	Average Time to be Served (Days)	2.4	5.1	13.3	7.5
	No. Active Sentences	1,376	2,349	2,145	5,870
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	5.7	7.9	9.6	7.9
3	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	4.7	6.4	5.1	5.4
3	Average Time to be Served (Days)	0.9	1.5	4.4	2.5
	No. Active Sentences	1,927	2,304	2,695	6,926
	Average Active Sentence (Days)	16.1	22.7	50.1	32.9
Total	Average Credit for Time Served (Days)	11.7	13.6	17.4	14.8
Total	Average Time to be Served (Days)	4.4	9.1	32.8	18.1
	No. Active Sentences	7,390	14,275	15,538	37,203

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

D. Punishment Imposed by Crime Type

As shown in *Figure W*, public order offenses (45%) accounted for the largest proportion of misdemeanor convictions, while misdemeanor person offenses accounted for the lowest proportion of misdemeanor offenses (11%).



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 20 contains information about the type of punishment imposed by crime type for misdemeanor convictions, as well as the average sentence imposed and average time to be served for offenders who received an Active punishment. Person offenses were most likely to result in an Active sentence (34%). While public order offenses and property offenses equally resulted in an Active sentence (30% each), drug offenses were least likely to result in an Active sentence (25%). The average minimum sentence imposed and average time to be served were longest for convictions for person offenses (55.9 days).

Table 20: Punishment by Crime Type 2012/13 Misdemeanors

			Type of Pu	nishmen	t		Average Active	Credit for Time	Time to be	
Crime Type	Acti	ve	Interm	ediate	Comm	unity	Sentence	Served	Served	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	(Days)	(Days)	(Days)	
Person	4,496	34	543	4	8,324	62	55.9	26.0	29.9	13,363
Property	10,208	30	743	2	23,647	68	37.7	18.3	19.4	34,598
Drug	5,164	25	300	1	15,375	74	27.6	12.5	15.1	20,839
Public Order	17,335	30	768	1	40,418	69	25.6	10.5	15.1	58,521
Total	37,203	29	2,354	2	87,764	69	32.9	14.8	18.1	127,321

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table. Active sentences in cells in which an Active punishment is not a sentencing option may be attributed to the use of credit for time served.

IV. INTERMEDIATE AND COMMUNITY PUNISHMENTS

This section summarizes information about Intermediate and Community punishments. Information presented in this section reflects conditions of Intermediate and Community punishment as defined by G.S. § 15A-1340.11. An Intermediate punishment requires a sentence of supervised probation, whereas a Community punishment may consist of a sentence of supervised or unsupervised probation, but does not require it.

An Intermediate or Community punishment may include one or more of the following probation conditions: house arrest with electronic monitoring; community service; short-term jail confinements; substance abuse assessment, monitoring, or treatment; and education or vocational skills development. An Intermediate punishment may also include special probation and/or drug treatment court. Continuous alcohol monitoring (CAM) may be ordered if alcohol dependency has been identified by a substance abuse assessment or satellite-based monitoring (SBM) may be ordered if the probationer is a sex offender (as described by G.S. 14-208.40(a)(2)). In addition, conditions may include payment of restitution, fines, or court costs. It should be noted that some conditions (*e.g.*, drug treatment court) are not equally available across the state.

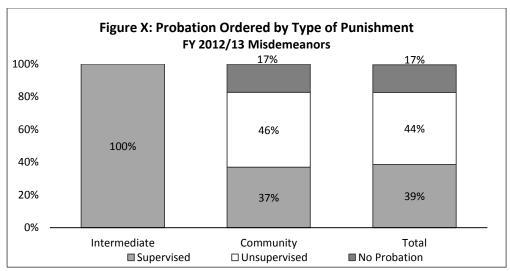
AOC only collects information on the following probation conditions within its current data management system: special probation, drug treatment court, house arrest with electronic monitoring, community service, restitution, fines, and court costs. As a result, data reported in this section include information on those conditions only and does not reflect the full scope of available conditions for offenders sentenced to Intermediate or Community punishment. As automated data about other conditions become available, they will be included in future reports.

This section only includes information on probation conditions that were imposed for Intermediate or Community punishments at sentencing. A single conviction often results in the imposition of more than one probation condition. Probation conditions that are subsequently imposed as a result of modifications to probation are not included.

During FY 2012/13, Intermediate punishments were imposed for 2,354 convictions and Community punishments were imposed for 87,764 convictions for a total of 90,118 non-active sentences. Overall, 34,799 convictions received supervised probation, 40,129 received unsupervised probation, and 15,190 did not receive probation. Figure X provides information regarding the type of probation imposed for Intermediate and Community punishment convictions. All offenders with an Intermediate punishment (100%) received supervised probation. Nearly half (46%) of Community punishment convictions received unsupervised probation, while 37% received supervised probation, and 17% had no probation sentence ordered.

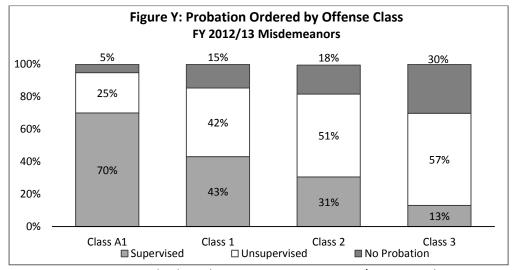
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¹⁰ Of the 90,118 convictions where an Intermediate or Community punishment was imposed, 82% (n=73,739) were for offenses committed on or after December 1, 2011.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Figure Y examines type of probation ordered by offense class for convictions resulting in an Intermediate or Community punishment. The majority of Class A1 and Class 1 misdemeanor convictions received supervised probation (70% and 43% respectively), while the majority of Class 2 and Class 3 misdemeanors received unsupervised probation (51% and 57% respectively). Class 3 misdemeanor convictions had the largest percentage with no probation ordered (30%).



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

A. Probation Length by Type of Punishment

Table 21 provides the average length of probation by offense class and type of punishment for offenders sentenced to probation (n=74,928) in FY 2012/13. The greatest number of overall probation sentences fell within Class 1 (n=47,374 or 63%) and had an average probation length of 15 months. Convictions for which supervised probation was imposed resulted in an average probation length of 16 months, while convictions for which unsupervised probation was imposed resulted in an average probation length of 13 months. Overall, the average probation length for Intermediate and Community punishment convictions was 14 months.

Table 21: Length of Probation by Offense Class and Type of Punishment FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		Average Length of Probation						
Offense Class	Type of Punishment	Supervised Probation		Unsupe Proba		To	tal	
		Months	#	Months	#	Months	#	
	Intermediate	19	569	N/A	N/A	19	569	
A1	Community	17	4,475	15	1,790	17	6,265	
	Subtotal	17	5,044	15	1,790	17	6,834	
	Intermediate	18	1,581	N/A	N/A	18	1,581	
1	Community	16	22,345	13	23,448	15	45,793	
	Subtotal	16	23,926	13	23,448	15	47,374	
	Intermediate	15	157	N/A	N/A	15	157	
2	Community	15	3,757	13	6,592	13	10,349	
	Subtotal	15	3,914	13	6,592	13	10,506	
	Intermediate	14	47	N/A	N/A	14	47	
3	Community	13	1,868	12	8,299	12	10,167	
	Subtotal	13	1,915	12	8,299	12	10,214	
	Total	16	34,799	13	40,129	14	74,928	

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 22 shows the average length of probation for Intermediate and Community punishment convictions by crime type. Of convictions in which probation sentences were imposed, 42% (n=31,563) were for public order offenses and had an average probation length of 14 months. The greatest number of convictions resulting in supervised probation occurred for property offenses (n=12,405 or 36%) with an average probation length of 16 months, whereas the greatest number of convictions resulting in unsupervised probation were public order offenses (n=19,764 or 49%). Overall, person offenses resulted in the longest average probation sentence (16 months) and drug offenses resulted in the shortest average probation sentence (13 months).

Table 22: Length of Probation by Crime Type and Type of Punishment FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		Average Length of Probation							
Crime Type	Type of Punishment	Supervised Probation		Unsupe Proba		Total			
		Months	#	Months	#	Months	#		
	Intermediate	19	561	N/A	N/A	19	561		
Person	Community	17	5,044	14	2,977	16	8,021		
	Subtotal	17	5,605	14	2,977	16	8,582		
	Intermediate	19	743	N/A	N/A	19	743		
Property	Community	16	11,662	13	9,603	15	21,265		
	Subtotal	16	12,405	13	9,603	15	22,008		
	Intermediate	18	318	N/A	N/A	18	318		
Drug	Community	14	4,672	12	7,785	13	12,457		
	Subtotal	15	4,990	12	7,785	13	12,775		
	Intermediate	17	732	N/A	N/A	17	732		
Public Order	Community	15	11,067	13	19,764	14	30,831		
	Subtotal	15	11,799	13	19,764	14	31,563		
	Total	16	34,799	13	40,129	14	74,928		

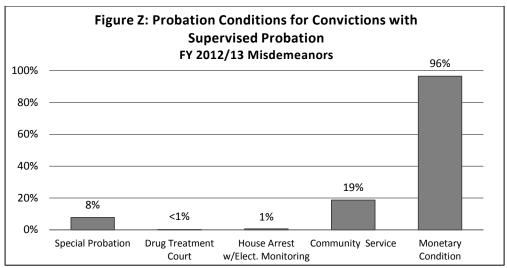
Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Misdemeanor Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior conviction levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

B. Conditions of Probation¹¹

In FY 2012/13, supervised probation was imposed for 34,799 convictions with an Intermediate or Community punishment. Figure Z provides information on the conditions that were imposed for Community and Intermediate punishment convictions with supervised probation. Multiple probation conditions may have been ordered for a single conviction. As a result, the percentages provided in Figure Z add to more than 100%. The most frequent condition imposed for supervised probation was a monetary condition (96%), which includes payment of fines, restitution, and/or court costs. Community service was imposed for 19% of Community and Intermediate punishment convictions with supervised probation. The least frequent conditions imposed were drug treatment court (less than 1%) and house arrest with electronic monitoring (1%).

¹¹ Information reported in this section includes information only on probation conditions captured in ACIS and does not reflect the full scope of available conditions for offenders sentenced to Intermediate or Community punishment.



Note: This figure includes information on probation conditions that are captured in AOC's ACIS. Conditions ordered are reported regardless of possible errors in ACIS (*i.e.*, special probation or drug treatment court are not authorized conditions for a Community punishment). A single conviction may result in the imposition of more than one probation condition. As a result, the percentages reported add to more than 100%.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

Table 23 provides detailed information about the conditions ordered at sentencing for Intermediate and Community punishment convictions with supervised probation, including the average length of probation. Conditions ordered are reported regardless of possible errors in ACIS (*i.e.*, special probation or drug treatment court are not authorized conditions for a Community punishment). Overall, 2,354 Intermediate punishment convictions and 32,445 Community punishment convictions resulted in supervised probation sentences. The average length of probation imposed was 18 months for convictions with an Intermediate punishment and 16 months for convictions with a Community punishment. Overall, a monetary condition (*i.e.*, fine, restitution, court costs) was the condition of probation most frequently ordered (n=33,560), followed by community service for Community punishment convictions (n=6,216) and special probation for Intermediate punishment convictions (n=1,981). Convictions with house arrest with electronic monitoring had the longest average length of supervision (22 months).

Table 23: Probation Conditions for Convictions with Supervised Probation FY 2012/13 Misdemeanors

		Conditions of Probation (Number and Average Probation Length)								
Type of Punishment	Special Probation	· I reatment		Probation Treatment W/ Elect. Service		Monetary Condition	Total			
Intermediate	1,981	58	148	266	2,278	2,354				
	18 months	20 months	23 months	20 months	18 months	18 months				
Community	701	14	34	6,216	31,282	32,445				
	17 months	19 months	18 months	16 months	16 months	16 months				
Total	2,682	72	182	6,482	33,560	34,799				
	17 months	20 months	22 months	16 months	16 months	16 months				

Note: This table includes information on probation conditions that are captured in AOC's ACIS. Conditions ordered are reported regardless of possible errors in ACIS (*i.e.*, special probation or drug treatment court are not authorized conditions for a Community punishment). A single conviction may result in the imposition of more than one probation condition. The row totals equal the total number of convictions with supervised probation, rather than the total number of conditions.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, FY 2012/13 Statistical Report Data

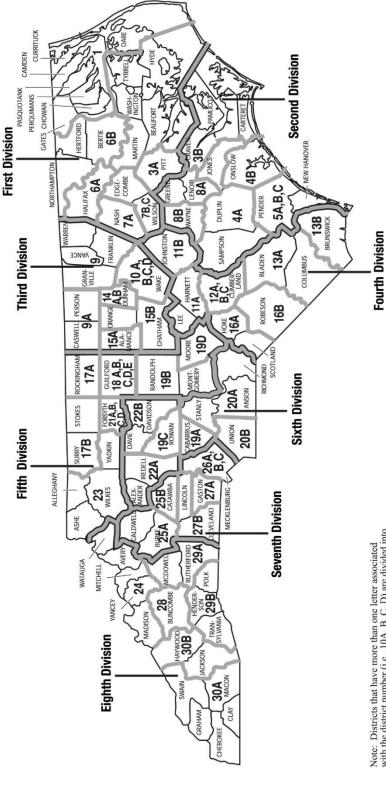
In FY 2012/13, unsupervised probation was imposed for 40,129 convictions with a Community punishment. Multiple probation conditions may have been ordered for a single conviction. Of these convictions, 8% (n=3,208) included community service as a condition of probation and 96% (n=38,465) were ordered to pay monetary obligations (*i.e.*, fine, restitution, or court costs) as a condition of probation.

C. No Probation Sentence Ordered

A probation sentence is not required for Community punishment convictions. In FY 2012/13, 15,190 convictions with a Community punishment had no probation sentence ordered. As part of their sentence, 1% (n=155) of these convictions were ordered to perform community service and 74% (n=11,283) were ordered to pay monetary obligations (*i.e.*, fine, restitution, or court costs).

APPENDIX A MAP OF JUDICIAL DIVISIONS AND DISTRICTS

North Carolina Superior Court Effective January 15, 2009



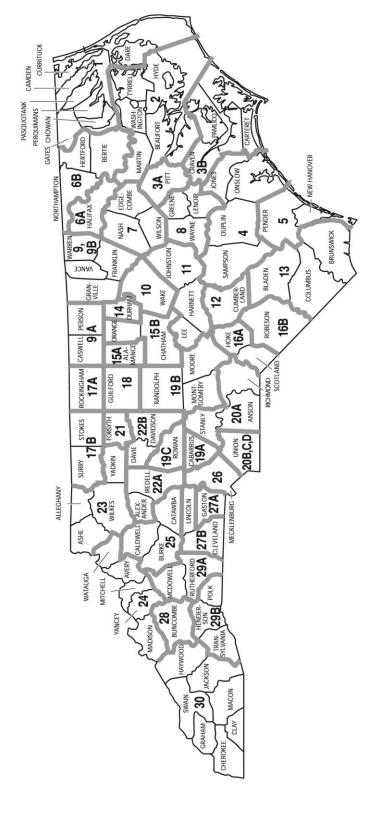
Note: Districts that have more than one letter associated with the district number (i.e., 10A, B, C, D) are divided into separate districts for electoral purposes. For administrative purposes, they are combined into a single district.

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North Carolina District Court Districts

Effective January 15, 2009



Note: Districts 9 and 9B, and districts 20B, 20C, and 20D are districts for electoral purposes only. They are combined for administrative purposes.

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APPENDIX B SAMPLE OFFENSES AND TOP 5 CONVICTIONS BY CLASS

Appendix B, Table 1: Classification of a Sample of Offenses (Effective 12/1/12)

CLASS A FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of Death or Life Without Parole
First-Degree Murder. (14-17)	
CLASS B1 FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of Life Without Parole
Second-Degree Murder. (14-17(b))	First-Degree Sexual Offense. (14-27.4)
First-Degree Rape. (14-27.2)	
CLASS B2 FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 484* Months
Second-Degree Murder. (14-17(b)(1) and (2))	
CLASS C FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 231* Months
Second-Degree Rape. (14-27.3)	First-Degree Kidnapping. (14-39)
Second-Degree Sexual Offense. (14-27.5)	Embezzlement (amount involved \$100,000 or more). (14-90)
Assault W/D/W/I/K/I/S/I. (14-32(a))	
CLASS D FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 204* Months
Voluntary Manslaughter. (14-18)	Armed Robbery. (14-87)
Malicious Use of Explosive or Incendiary. (14-49(a))	Death by Vehicle. (20-141.4(a)(1))
First-Degree Burglary. (14-51)	Sell or Deliver a Controlled Substance to a Person Under 16 But More
First-Degree Arson. (14-58)	than 13 Years of Age. (90-95(e)(5))
CLASS E FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 88* Months
Intercourse and Sexual Offenses with Certain Victims (Substitute	Assault with a Firearm on a Law Enforcement Officer. (14-34.5)
Parent/Custodian). (14-27.7)	
Assault W/D/W/I/S/I. (14-32(b))	Second-Degree Kidnapping. (14-39)
Assault W/D/W/I/K. (14-32(c))	Child Abuse Inflicting Serious Physical Injury. (14-318.4(a))
Discharging Weapon Into Occupied Property. (14-34.1(a))	Sell or Deliver a Controlled Substance Within 1,000 Feet of a School. (90-95(e)(8))
CLASS F FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 59 Months
Involuntary Manslaughter. (14-18)	Burning of Certain Other Buildings. (14-62)
Assault Inflicting Serious Bodily Injury. (14-32.4)	Participating in Prostitution of a Minor. (14-190.19)
Assault W/D/W on Governmental Officer or Employee. (14-34.2)	Taking Indecent Liberties with Children. (14-202.1)
Assault I/S/I on a Law Enforcement Officer. (14-34.7)	Possess Weapon of Mass Destruction. (14-288.8)
Felonious Restraint. (14-43.3)	Habitual Impaired Driving. (20-138.5)
CLASS G FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 47 Months
Second-Degree Burglary. (14-51)	Identity Theft. (14-113.20)
Second-Degree Arson. (14-58)	Possession of Firearms, etc., by Felon. (14-415.1)
Common Law Robbery. (14-87.1)	Sale of a Schedule I or II Controlled Substance. (90-95(a)(1))
CLASS H FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 39 Months
Assault by Strangulation. (14-32.4(b))	Embezzlement (amount involved less than \$100,000). (14-90)
Habitual Misdemeanor Assault. (14-33.2)	Obtaining Property by False Pretenses (amount involved less than \$100,000). (14-100)
Breaking or Entering Buildings (w/felonious intent). (14-54(a))	Hit and Run (resulted in injury). (20-166(a1))
Fraudulently Setting Fire to Dwelling Houses. (14-65)	Sale of a Schedule III, IV, V, or VI Controlled Substance. (90-95(a)(1))
Possessing Stolen Goods. (14-71.1)	Possession W/I/M/S/D Cocaine. (90-95(a)(1))
Larceny of Property (worth more than \$1,000). (14-72)	Escaping From State Prison System (felon). (148-45(b))

^{*}For a Class B1 through E felony that is subject to the registration requirements of G.S. Chapter 14, Article 27A, add 48 months.

Appendix B, Table 1: Classification of a Sample of Offenses (continued) (Effective 12/1/12)

CLASS I FELONIES	Maximum Punishment of 24 Months
Breaking or Entering Motor Vehicles. (14-56)	Possession W/I/M/S/D Marijuana. (90-95(a)(1))
Financial Transaction Card Theft. (14-113.9)	Possess Cocaine. (90-95(a)(3))
Forgery of Notes, Checks, Securities. (14-119(a))	Maintain Dwelling or Motor Vehicle for Keeping or Selling a Controlled Substance. (90-108(a)(7), (b))
Uttering Forged Paper or Instrument. (14-120)	Obtain a Controlled Substance by Fraud. (90-108(a)(10), (b))
CLASS A1 MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 150 Days
Assault Inflicting Serious Injury or Using a Deadly Weapon. (14-33(c)(1))	Assault on a State Officer or Employee. (14-33(c)(4))
Assault on a Female. (14-33(c)(2))	Assault by Pointing a Gun. (14-34)
Assault on a Child Under 12 Years of Age. (14-33(c)(3))	Violation of a Valid Protective Order. (50B-4.1(a))
CLASS 1 MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 120 Days
Breaking or Entering Buildings. (14-54(b))	Willful and Wanton Injury to Real Property. (14-127)
Larceny of Property (worth \$1,000 or less). (14-72)	Communicating Threats. (14-277.1)
Unauthorized Use of a Motor Vehicle. (14-72.2)	Possession of Drug Paraphernalia. (90-113.22)
Worthless Checks for \$2,000 or Less (closed account). (14-107(d)(4))	Misrepresentation to Obtain Employment Security Benefits. (96-18(a))
CLASS 2 MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 60 Days
Simple Assault/Assault and Battery. (14-33(a))	Failure to Return Rental Property. (14-167)
Obtaining Property in Return for Worthless Check. (14-106)	Using Profane, Indecent or Threatening Language to Any Person Over Telephone. (14-196)
Worthless Check for \$2,000 or Less. (14-107(d)(1))	Resisting Officers. (14-223)
First-Degree Trespass. (14-159.12)	Carrying Concealed Weapons. (14-269(a), (a1)/first offense)
Willful and Wanton Injury to Personal Property. (14-160(a))	Disorderly Conduct. (14-288.4)
CLASS 3 MISDEMEANORS	Maximum Punishment of 20 Days
Concealment of merchandise in mercantile establishments (first conviction). (14-72.1)	Operate Motorboat Without Lifesaving Device. (75A-6)
Second-Degree Trespass. (14-159.13)	Possess Marijuana (1/2 ounce or less). (90-95(a)(3))
Intoxicated and Disruptive in Public. (14-444)	Hunting Without a License. (113-270.2)
Unsealed Wine/Liquor in Passenger Area. (18B-401)	Fishing Without a License. (113-271)
CONSPIRACY to commit an offense is classified as one class lower th	an the offense the person conspired to commit. (14-2.4)
ATTEMPT to commit an offense is classified as one class lower than	the offense the person attempted to commit. (14-2.5)
SOLICITATION to commit an offense is classified as two classes lowe (14-2.6)	r than the offense the person solicited the other person to commit.
ACCESSORY BEFORE THE FACT punishable as the principal felon. (14	-5.2)
ACCESSORY AFTER THE FACT punishable as two classes lower than t	he felony the principal felon committed. (14-7)

Appendix B, Table 2: Top Five Convictions by Offense Class FY 2012/13 Felonies and Misdemeanors

CLASS A FELONIES	Total Convi	ctions=69
	#	%
First Degree Murder	68	98.6
Murder of an Unborn Child	1	1.4
CLASS B1 FELONIES	Total Convict	ions=144
	#	%
First Degree Sex Offense with a Child	41	28.5
Statutory Rape	37	25.7
First Degree Rape	20	13.9
First Degree Rape of a Child	13	9.0
First Degree Sexual Offense	12	8.3
CLASS B2 FELONIES	Total Convict	ions=267
	#	%
Second Degree Murder	185	69.3
Attempted First Degree Murder	17	6.4
Attempted First Degree Sexual Offense	7	2.6
Attempted First Degree Rape	6	2.2
CLASS C FELONIES	Total Convict	ions=749
	#	%
Habitual Felon	408	54.5
AWDW Intent to Kill Inflicting Serious Injury	60	8.0
Manufacture Methamphetamine	59	7.9
Second Degree Rape	45	6.0
First Degree Kidnapping	40	5.3
CLASS D FELONIES	Total Convict	ions=918
	#	%
Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon	449	48.9
Habitual Felon	162	17.6
First Degree Burglary	94	10.2
Voluntary Manslaughter	66	7.2
Attempted Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon	51	5.6
CLASS E FELONIES	Total Conviction	ns=1,690
	#	%
Assault with a Deadly Weapon Inflicting Serious Injury	351	20.8
Conspiracy to Commit Robbery with a Dangerous Weapon	235	13.9
Second Degree Kidnapping	139	8.2
Habitual Breaking and Entering	132	7.8
Habitual Felon	126	7.5

Appendix B, Table 2: Top Five Convictions by Offense Class (continued) FY 2012/13 Felonies and Misdemeanors

CLASS F FELONIES	Total Convicti	ions=2,370
	#	%
Taking Indecent Liberties with a Child	493	20.8
Habitual Impaired Driving	278	11.7
Possess or Distribute a Methamphetamine Precursor	188	7.9
Failure to Register as a Sex Offender	154	6.5
Assault Inflicting Serious Bodily Injury	151	6.4
CLASS G FELONIES	Total Convicti	ions=3,493
	#	%
Possession of a Firearm by a Felon	1,136	32.5
Common Law Robbery	620	17.7
Sell Cocaine	289	8.3
Identity Theft	227	6.5
Sell or Deliver Schedule II Controlled Substance	200	5.7
CLASS H FELONIES	Total Conviction	ns=12,391
	#	%
Breaking or Entering Buildings (with felonious intent)	3,292	26.6
Obtaining Property by False Pretense (worth less than \$100,000)	1,685	13.6
Larceny of Property (worth more than \$1,000)	1,234	10.0
PWISD Cocaine	652	5.3
Possessing Stolen Goods	505	4.1
CLASS I FELONIES	Total Convicti	ions=5,674
	#	%
Possess Cocaine	981	17.3
PWISD Marijuana	749	13.2
Breaking or Entering a Motor Vehicle	520	9.2
Possess Schedule II Controlled Substance	286	5.0
Possess Marijuana	272	4.8
CLASS A1 MISDEMEANORS	Total Convictio	ns=11,182
	#	%
Assault on a Female	5,585	49.9
Assault on a Government Official or Employee	1,219	10.9
Domestic Violence Protective Order Violation	1,159	10.4
Assault with a Deadly Weapon	976	8.7
Assault Inflicting Serious Injury	674	6.0

Appendix B, Table 2: Top Five Convictions by Offense Class (continued) FY 2012/13 Felonies and Misdemeanors

CLASS 1 MISDEMEANOR	Total Convicti	ons=75,911
	#	%
Driving While License Revoked	24,515	32.3
Larceny of Property (worth \$1,000 or less)	17,420	22.9
Possess Drug Paraphernalia	11,576	15.2
Operate a Vehicle without Insurance	2,447	3.2
Breaking or Entering Buildings	2,112	2.8
CLASS 2 MISDEMEANORS	Total Convicti	ons=18,666
	#	%
Resisting Public Officers	5,827	31.2
Simple Assault	3,030	16.2
Simple Worthless Check (for \$2,000 or less)	2,029	10.9
Disorderly Conduct	1,256	6.7
Injury to Personal Property	571	3.1
CLASS 3 MISDEMEANORS	Total Convicti	ons=21,562
	#	%
Possess Marijuana (1/2 ounce or less)	5,869	27.2
Second Degree Trespass	5,602	26.0
Shoplifting/Concealment of Goods	3,529	16.4
Intoxicated and Disruptive in Public	2,082	9.7
Simple Possession of Schedule VI Controlled Substance	1,230	5.7

Note: This table includes only the convictions for which an AOC offense-specific offense code was used to record the convicted offense. Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony or Misdemeanor Punishment Charts due to discrepant offense classes, prior record/convictions levels, or for other reasons were excluded from this table.

APPENDIX C ADDITIONAL FELONY DATA BY JUDICIAL DIVISION AND DISTRICT

Appendix C, Table 1: Type of Punishment and Average Length of Active Sentence by Judicial Division and District
FY 2012/13 Felonies

Judicial Division and		Type of Punishment						Maximum Active	
District	Act		Interm 		Comm	-	Active Sentence	Sentence	Total
First Judicial Division	# 859	% 37.8	# 706	% 31.1	# 705	% 31.1	(Months) 26.3	(Months) 38.4	2,270
District 1	89	28.2	63	19.9	164	51.9	23.6	35.3	316
District 2	164	38.8	169	40.0	90	21.3	26.7	37.5	423
District 3A	212	35.3	160	26.7	228	38.0	23.5	35.4	600
District 6A	54	42.2	39	30.5	35	27.3	39.4	55.8	128
District 6B	56	49.1	32	28.1	26	22.8	27.5	39.8	114
District 7A	119	47.8	85	34.1	45	18.1	28.6	41.9	249
District 7B, C	165	37.5	158	35.9	117	26.6	24.4	36.0	440
Second Judicial Division	1,121	37.3 37.3	747	24.8	1,140	37.9	28.3	41.7	3,008
District 3B	150	29.7	104	20.6	251	49.7	31.7	45.3	505
District 4A	202	34.9	134	23.2	242	41.9	26.5	39.4	578
District 4B	167	41.3	115	28.5	122	30.2	33.3	47.2	404
District 5	311	35.1	203	22.9	372	42.0	24.0	37.4	886
District 8A	142	46.4	110	35.9	54	17.6	26.5	39.5	306
District 8B	149	45.3	81	24.6	99	30.1	32.6	46.3	329
Third Judicial Division	2,071	44.4	1,188	25.4	1,410	30.2	24.9	38.3	4,669
District 9	181	44.1	91	22.2	138	33.7	19.6	30.8	410
District 9A	103	34.3	118	39.3	79	26.3	34.2	50.0	300
District 10	1,159	48.9	430	18.1	783	33.0	22.3	35.6	2,372
District 14	283	38.8	255	35.0	191	26.2	30.0	43.8	729
District 15A	222	37.9	205	35.0	159	27.1	30.0	43.9	586
District 15B	123	45.2	89	32.7	60	22.1	29.3	43.0	272

Appendix C, Table 1: Type of Punishment and Average Length of Active Sentence by Judicial Division and District (continued)

FY 2012/13 Felonies

Judicial Division and			Type of Pu	ınishmen	t		Minimum Active	Maximum Active	
District	Act #	ive %	Interm #	ediate %	Comm #	nunity %	Sentence (Months)	Sentence (Months)	Total
Fourth Judicial Division	1,284	38.2	1,041	31.0	1,033	30.8	31.0	44.2	3,358
District 11A	157	32.0	187	38.1	147	29.9	24.3	37.0	491
District 11B	176	32.1	98	17.9	275	50.1	34.0	50.3	549
District 12	394	41.2	306	32.0	256	26.8	26.7	37.9	956
District 13A	106	44.0	50	20.7	85	35.3	26.9	38.2	241
District 13B	86	27.3	127	40.3	102	32.4	23.6	35.0	315
District 16A	179	44.9	128	32.1	92	23.1	35.5	49.8	399
District 16B	186	45.7	145	35.6	76	18.7	44.0	59.8	407
Fifth Judicial Division	1,864	41.3	1,357	30.1	1,287	28.5	29.4	43.5	4,508
District 17A	136	40.4	124	36.8	77	22.8	39.0	55.8	337
District 17B	145	43.9	117	35.5	68	20.6	26.0	38.5	330
District 18	775	43.4	572	32.0	438	24.5	26.3	40.0	1,785
District 19B	128	35.9	174	48.7	55	15.4	33.1	45.2	357
District 19D	106	34.0	73	23.4	133	42.6	30.4	43.1	312
District 21	402	46.6	141	16.3	320	37.1	33.7	49.7	863
District 23	172	32.8	156	29.8	196	37.4	25.4	37.8	524
Sixth Judicial Division	1,133	35.0	1,113	34.4	994	30.7	30.7	44.8	3,240
District 19A	219	32.2	207	30.4	255	37.4	35.5	51.5	681
District 19C	203	37.1	141	25.8	203	37.1	29.5	43.1	547
District 20A	149	33.6	170	38.4	124	28.0	20.1	31.9	443
District 20B	132	34.0	109	28.1	147	37.9	38.9	53.6	388
District 22A	189	32.1	291	49.5	108	18.4	30.3	42.9	588
District 22B	241	40.6	195	32.9	157	26.5	29.8	44.8	593

Appendix C, Table 1: Type of Punishment and Average Length of Active Sentence by Judicial Division and District (continued)

FY 2012/13 Felonies

Judicial Division and			Type of Pu	ınishmen	t		Minimum Active	Maximum Active	
District	Act	ive %	Interm #	ediate %	Comm #	nunity %	Sentence (Months)	Sentence (Months)	Total
Seventh Judicial Division	1,683	38.9	1,837	42.4	808	18.7	33.3	48.2	4,328
District 25A	119	31.8	164	43.9	91	24.3	44.1	59.5	374
District 25B	149	34.3	157	36.2	128	29.5	36.8	51.2	434
District 26	782	44.7	727	41.5	241	13.8	34.3	49.9	1,750
District 27A	308	36.5	348	41.2	188	22.3	28.8	42.7	844
District 27B	325	35.1	441	47.6	160	17.3	29.7	44.0	926
Eighth Judicial District	858	36.4	797	33.8	702	29.8	26.9	40.7	2,357
District 24	136	31.3	149	34.3	150	34.5	23.0	35.4	435
District 28	260	44.4	226	38.6	100	17.1	26.5	39.8	586
District 29A	170	30.6	225	40.5	160	28.8	24.1	36.6	555
District 29B	139	36.8	56	14.8	183	48.4	30.6	44.8	378
District 30A	62	29.7	59	28.2	88	42.1	37.8	54.4	209
District 30B	91	46.9	82	42.3	21	10.8	26.4	43.1	194
State Total	10,873	39.2	8,786	31.7	8,079	29.1	28.9	42.6	27,738

Note: Of the 28,358 felony convictions in FY 2012/13, 620 (or 2.3%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation). Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Appendix C, Table 2: Sentence Location by Judicial Division and District
Active Sentences Only
FY 2012/13 Felonies

Judicial Division and		Sentencing Range								
District		gated	Presun	•		vated	Total			
First Judicial Division	163	% 19.1	# 661	77.4	# 30	% 3.5	854			
District 1										
	12	14.0	69	80.2	5	5.8	86			
District 2	40	24.4	120	73.2	4	2.4	164			
District 3A	63	29.7	145	68.4	4	1.9	212			
District 6A	8	14.8	43	79.6	3	5.6	54			
District 6B	15	27.3	36	65.5	4	7.3	55			
District 7A	8	6.8	107	90.7	3	2.5	118			
District 7B, C	17	10.3	141	85.5	7	4.2	165			
Second Judicial Division	249	22.3	825	73.7	45	4.0	1,119			
District 3B	34	22.7	111	74.0	5	3.3	150			
District 4A	54	26.7	139	68.8	9	4.5	202			
District 4B	23	13.8	137	82.0	7	4.2	167			
District 5	52	16.8	247	79.9	10	3.2	309			
District 8A	32	22.5	104	73.2	6	4.2	142			
District 8B	54	36.2	87	58.4	8	5.4	149			
Third Judicial Division	579	28.1	1,398	67.8	84	4.1	2,061			
District 9	18	9.9	158	87.3	5	2.8	181			
District 9A	13	12.7	72	70.6	17	16.7	102			
District 10	357	31.0	768	66.6	28	2.4	1,153			
District 14	85	30.1	177	62.8	20	7.1	282			
District 15A	75	33.8	142	64.0	5	2.3	222			
District 15B	31	25.6	81	66.9	9	7.4	121			

Judicial Division and			Sentencii	ng Range			
District	Miti	gated	Presun	•	Aggra	vated	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	<u>%</u>	
Fourth Judicial Division	375	29.6	848	67.0	43	3.4	1,266
District 11A	31	20.1	121	78.6	2	1.3	154
District 11B	87	49.7	79	45.1	9	5.1	175
District 12	113	29.3	267	69.2	6	1.6	386
District 13A	21	20.2	76	73.1	7	6.7	104
District 13B	30	35.7	52	61.9	2	2.4	84
District 16A	58	32.4	111	62.0	10	5.6	179
District 16B	35	19.0	142	77.2	7	3.8	184
Fifth Judicial Division	604	32.6	1,153	62.2	96	5.2	1,853
District 17A	25	18.5	87	64.4	23	17.0	135
District 17B	36	24.8	106	73.1	3	2.1	145
District 18	237	30.8	512	66.6	20	2.6	769
District 19B	30	23.4	92	71.9	6	4.7	128
District 19D	31	29.8	58	55.8	15	14.4	104
District 21	196	48.8	190	47.3	16	4.0	402
District 23	49	28.8	108	63.5	13	7.6	170
Sixth Judicial Division	384	34.0	707	62.6	39	3.5	1,130
District 19A	110	50.2	101	46.1	8	3.7	219
District 19C	75	37.1	125	61.9	2	1.0	202
District 20A	32	21.5	110	73.8	7	4.7	149
District 20B	25	19.1	102	77.9	4	3.1	131
District 22A	34	18.0	148	78.3	7	3.7	189
District 22B	108	45.0	121	50.4	11	4.6	240

Appendix C, Table 2: Sentence Location by Judicial Division and District (continued)

Active Sentences Only

FY 2012/13 Felonies

Judicial Division and			Sentencii	ng Range			
District	Mitig	gated	Presun	nptive	Aggravated		Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Seventh Judicial Division	357	21.4	1,179	70.7	131	7.9	1,667
District 25A	25	21.2	91	77.1	2	1.7	118
District 25B	42	28.2	101	67.8	6	4.0	149
District 26	180	23.4	539	70.1	50	6.5	769
District 27A	39	12.7	230	74.7	39	12.7	308
District 27B	71	22.0	218	67.5	34	10.5	323
Eighth Judicial District	181	21.2	648	76.0	24	2.8	853
District 24	26	19.4	101	75.4	7	5.2	134
District 28	64	24.7	190	73.4	5	1.9	259
District 29A	19	11.2	148	87.1	3	1.8	170
District 29B	34	24.6	101	73.2	3	2.2	138
District 30A	11	17.7	46	74.2	5	8.1	62
District 30B	27	30.0	62	68.9	1	1.1	90
State Total	2,892	26.8	7,419	68.7	492	4.6	10,803

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were also excluded from this table. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

APPENDIX D ADDITIONAL FELONY DATA BY CRIME TYPE AND OFFENSE

Appendix D, Table 1: Type of Punishment and Average Length of Active Sentence by Crime Type and Offense
FY 2012/13 Felonies

			Type of Pu	ınishment			Minimum	Maximum	
Crime Type and Offense	Ac	tive	Interm	ediate	Comn	nunity	Active Sentence	Active Sentence	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	(Months)	(Months)	
Person	3,166	62.8	1,411	28.0	464	9.2	52.7	72.9	5,041
1 st Degree Murder	69	100.0							69
2 nd Degree Murder	206	100.0			•	•	170.2	214.4	206
Attempted Murder	17	100.0	•	•			178.6	224.5	17
Voluntary Manslaughter	73	98.6			1	1.4	73.9	98.5	74
Involuntary Manslaughter	25	61.0	16	39.0	•		18.6	26.8	41
Felony Death by Vehicle	41	67.2	19	31.1	1	1.6	32.9	50.3	61
Armed Robbery	449	100.0					60.4	83.5	449
Att./Consp. Armed Robbery	160	52.6	122	40.1	22	7.2	34.2	52.3	304
Common Law Robbery	333	53.7	241	38.9	46	7.4	14.5	23.7	620
Att. Common Law Robbery	54	55.7	21	21.6	22	22.7	8.4	17.9	97
Other Robbery	40	46.5	28	32.6	18	20.9	19.4	30.3	86
AWDWIKISI	60	100.0					69.7	94.3	60
AWDW Intent to Kill	34	56.7	22	36.7	4	6.7	28.6	45.5	60
AWDW Serious Injury	184	52.4	139	39.6	28	8.0	28.1	44.6	351
Assault Govt. Official	49	57.6	27	31.8	9	10.6	21.9	33.3	85
Assault by Strangulation	73	45.6	54	33.8	33	20.6	8.8	18.0	160
Other Felony Assaults	132	46.0	102	35.5	53	18.5	19.4	30.0	287
1 st Degree Rape	92	100.0					229.5	293.1	92
Attempted 1st Degree Rape	13	100.0					133.7	181.5	13
2 nd Degree Rape	76	100.0					80.9	116.4	76
Attempted 2 nd Degree Rape	19	100.0					59.8	94.9	19
Statutory Rape/Sex Offense Against 13, 14, 15	43	100.0		•			212.0	267.6	43
Indecent Liberties with Child	246	49.9	198	40.2	49	9.9	15.7	22.5	493

Appendix D, Table 1: Type of Punishment and Average Length of Active Sentence by Crime Type and Offense (continued)

FY 2012/13 Felonies

	Type of Punishment						Minimum	Maximum	
Crime Type and Offense	Act	tive	Interm	ediate	Comm	unity	Active Sentence	Active Sentence	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	(Months)	(Months)	
Crime Against Nature, Incest, Bigamy	8	16.0	8	16.0	34	68.0	12.3	20.6	50
Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	30	45.5	23	34.8	13	19.7	18.4	39.4	66
Child Abuse	34	38.6	44	50.0	10	11.4	35.9	53.0	88
Registered Sex Off. Offenses	167	49.3	117	34.5	55	16.2	18.4	29.4	339
Other Sex Crimes	145	57.5	76	30.2	31	12.3	60.1	83.8	252
Kidnap/Abduction	137	67.5	61	30.0	5	2.5	42.7	62.5	203
Habitual Misdemeanor Assault	77	60.6	33	26.0	17	13.4	11.0	21.8	127
All Other Person Felonies	80	52.3	60	39.2	13	8.5	18.6	29.3	153
Property	3,871	34.1	3,536	31.9	3,777	34.0	12.6	22.1	11,094
1 st Degree Burglary	94	100.0					60.2	83.3	94
Attempted 1 st Degree Burglary	27	73.0	9	24.3	1	2.7	24.7	40.9	37
2 nd Degree Burglary	91	54.5	61	36.5	15	9.0	15.3	24.7	167
Breaking/Entering	1,401	35.5	1,342	34.0	1,209	30.6	9.8	18.6	3,952
Attempted Breaking/Entering	17	19.8	23	26.7	46	53.5	7.3	17.1	86
Larceny	853	33.7	784	31.0	892	35.3	10.4	19.6	2,529
Attempted Larceny	15	19.5	28	36.4	34	44.2	8.3	16.1	77
Possess/Receive Stolen Goods/Property	244	31.4	262	33.7	272	35.0	9.5	18.4	778
1 st Degree Arson	5	100.0					66.0	90.2	5
2 nd Degree Arson	16	47.1	16	47.1	2	5.9	14.9	24.6	34
Other Arson/Burning	42	38.2	31	28.2	37	33.6	14.4	24.5	110
Forgery	60	16.5	109	30.0	194	53.4	9.6	15.8	363
Fraud	130	28.8	153	33.9	168	37.3	13.4	22.4	451
Embezzlement	25	15.2	45	27.3	95	57.6	24.0	33.1	165
Obtain Property by False Pretenses	531	31.3	532	31.4	632	37.3	10.5	18.9	1,695

Appendix D, Table 1: Type of Punishment and Average Length of Active Sentence by Crime Type and Offense (continued)

FY 2012/13 Felonies

		-	Гуре of Pu	ınishmen	t		Minimum Active	Maximum Active	
Crime Type and Offense	Act	ive	Interm	ediate	Comm	unity	Sentence Sentence		Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	(Months)	(Months)	
Attempt Obtain Property by False Pretenses	53	31.7	59	35.3	55	32.9	11.0	19.5	167
Habitual Breaking and Entering	129	89.0	12	8.3	4	2.8	30.4	48.6	145
Habitual Misdemeanor Larceny	14	100.0					13.7	25.9	14
All Other Property Felonies	34	15.1	70	31.1	121	53.8	8.6	15.3	225
Non-Trafficking Drugs	1,761	22.6	2,748	35.3	3,270	42.0	14.0	23.1	7,779
Sell/Deliver Drugs	426	28.6	708	47.6	354	23.8	13.7	21.5	1,488
Consp. To Sell/Deliver Drugs	29	27.4	49	46.2	28	26.4	13.3	22.4	106
Manufacture Drugs	61	31.9	28	14.7	102	53.4	60.3	83.5	191
Possession with Intent	486	22.0	723	32.7	1,001	45.3	9.2	17.7	2,210
Drug Possession	285	13.6	622	29.6	1,192	56.8	7.4	15.8	2,099
Other Drug Felonies	474	28.1	618	36.7	593	35.2	17.3	27.0	1,685
Other Felony	2,165	56.6	1,091	28.5	568	14.9	35.6	51.1	3,824
Weapon Offense	592	42.8	592	42.8	200	14.5	16.4	26.6	1,384
Habitual Felon	748	99.1	7	0.9			69.5	94.6	755
Habitual Impaired Driving	278	100.0					17.4	26.7	278
Motor Vehicle Offenses	215	41.0	192	36.6	118	22.5	10.9	20.4	525
Crimes Against Admin. Justice	21	51.2	11	26.8	9	22.0	15.6	26.2	41
All Other Felonies	311	37.0	289	34.4	241	28.7	25.5	37.7	841
State Total	10,873	39.2	8,786	31.7	8,079	29.1	28.9	42.6	27,738

Note: Of the 28,358 felony convictions in FY 2012/13, 620 (or 2.3%) were excluded from this table. These convictions did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation).

Appendix D, Table 2: Sentence Location by Crime Type and Offense Active Sentences Only FY 2012/13 Felonies

	Sentencing Range						
Crime Type and Offense	Miti	gated	Presun	nptive	Aggra	vated	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Person	869	28.1	2,018	65.2	209	6.8	3,096
2 nd Degree Murder	46	22.3	123	59.7	37	18.0	206
Attempted Murder	3	17.6	12	70.6	2	11.8	17
Voluntary Manslaughter	17	23.3	46	63.0	10	13.7	73
Involuntary Manslaughter	7	28.0	13	52.0	5	20.0	25
Felony Death by Vehicle	7	17.1	28	68.3	6	14.6	41
Armed Robbery	184	41.0	259	57.7	6	1.3	449
Att./Consp. Armed Robbery	60	37.5	96	60.0	4	2.5	160
Common Law Robbery	63	18.9	246	73.9	24	7.2	333
Att. Common Law Robbery	15	27.8	36	66.7	3	5.6	54
Other Robbery	9	22.5	29	72.5	2	5.0	40
AWDWIKISI	28	46.7	31	51.7	1	1.7	60
AWDW Intent to Kill	4	11.8	29	85.3	1	2.9	34
AWDW Serious Injury	48	26.1	116	63.0	20	10.9	184
Assault Govt. Official	7	14.3	37	75.5	5	10.2	49
Assault by Strangulation	8	11.0	62	84.9	3	4.1	73
Other Felony Assaults	40	30.3	86	65.2	6	4.5	132
1 st Degree Rape	28	30.8	52	57.1	11	12.1	91
Attempted 1 st Degree Rape	7	53.8	6	46.2			13
2 nd Degree Rape	15	19.7	54	71.1	7	9.2	76
Attempted 2 nd Degree Rape	12	63.2	7	36.8			19
Statutory Rape/Sex Offense Against 13, 14, 15	17	39.5	23	53.5	3	7.0	43
Indecent Liberties with Child	44	17.9	188	76.4	14	5.7	246
Crime Against Nature, Incest, Bigamy	1	12.5	7	87.5			8

Appendix D, Table 2: Sentence Location by Crime Type and Offense (continued) Active Sentences Only FY 2012/13 Felonies

	Sentencing Range							
Crime Type and Offense	Miti	gated	Presumptive		Aggra	vated	Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%		
Sexual Exploitation of a Minor	2	6.7	26	86.7	2	6.7	30	
Child Abuse	6	17.6	23	67.6	5	14.7	34	
Registered Sex Off. Offenses	69	41.3	91	54.5	7	4.2	167	
Other Sex Crimes	49	33.8	86	59.3	10	6.9	145	
Kidnap/Abduction	28	20.4	103	75.2	6	4.4	137	
Habitual Misdemeanor Assault	14	18.2	58	75.3	5	6.5	77	
All Other Person Felonies	31	38.8	45	56.3	4	5.0	80	
Property	760	20.1	2,878	76.1	143	3.8	3,781	
1 st Degree Burglary	38	40.4	56	59.6		•	94	
Attempted 1st Degree Burglary	11	40.7	16	59.3			27	
2 nd Degree Burglary	11	12.1	72	79.1	8	8.8	91	
Breaking/Entering	226	16.1	1,117	79.7	58	4.1	1,401	
Attempted Breaking/Entering	4	23.5	11	64.7	2	11.8	17	
Larceny	160	18.8	663	77.7	30	3.5	853	
Attempted Larceny	2	13.3	13	86.7			15	
Possess/Receive Stolen Goods/Property	46	18.9	192	78.7	6	2.5	244	
1 st Degree Arson	3	60.0	2	40.0			5	
2 nd Degree Arson	1	6.3	12	75.0	3	18.8	16	
Other Arson/Burning	9	21.4	32	76.2	1	2.4	42	
Forgery	3	5.0	55	91.7	2	3.3	60	
Fraud	41	31.5	86	66.2	3	2.3	130	
Embezzlement	7	28.0	17	68.0	1	4.0	25	
Obtain Property by False Pretenses	135	25.4	379	71.4	17	3.2	531	
Attempt Obtain Property by False Pretenses	14	26.4	36	67.9	3	5.7	53	

Appendix D, Table 2: Sentence Location by Crime Type and Offense (continued)

Active Sentences Only

FY 2012/13 Felonies

			Sentencii				
Crime Type and Offense	Mitigated		Presun	nptive	Aggra	vated	Total
	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Habitual Breaking and Entering	42	32.6	78	60.5	9	7.0	129
Habitual Misdemeanor Larceny	4	28.6	10	71.4			14
All Other Property Felonies	3	8.8	31	91.2	٠	·	34
Non-Trafficking Drugs	386	21.9	1,298	73.7	77	4.4	1,761
Sell/Deliver Drugs	82	19.2	329	77.2	15	3.5	426
Consp. To Sell/Deliver Drugs	5	17.2	22	75.9	2	6.9	29
Manufacture Drugs	40	65.6	21	34.4			61
Possession with Intent	97	20.0	362	74.5	27	5.6	486
Drug Possession	62	21.8	214	75.1	9	3.2	285
Other Drug Felonies	100	21.1	350	73.8	24	5.1	474
Other Felony	877	40.5	1,225	56.6	63	2.9	2,165
Weapon Offense	165	27.9	407	68.8	20	3.4	592
Habitual Felon	486	65.0	248	33.2	14	1.9	748
Habitual Impaired Driving	109	39.2	164	59.0	5	1.8	278
Motor Vehicle Offenses	43	20.0	166	77.2	6	2.8	215
Crimes Against Admin. Justice	3	14.3	17	81.0	1	4.8	21
All Other Felonies	71	22.8	223	71.7	17	5.5	311
State Total	2,892	26.8	7,419	68.7	492	4.6	10,803

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as consecutive sentencing or extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were also excluded from this table. Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Appendix D, Table 3: Percentage of Sentences in the Mitigated Range and at the Lowest Spot of the Presumptive Range by Offense Class Active Sentences Only FY 2012/13 Felonies

Offense Class	% Mitigated	% Mitigated and Lowest Spot in Presumptive Range
B1	31%	50%
B2	27%	41%
С	53%	70%
D	48%	68%
E	29%	58%
F	30%	59%
G	22%	54%
н	20%	54%
1	16%	49%
Total	27%	56%

Note: Convictions that did not fit within the appropriate cell in the Felony Punishment Chart due to discrepant offense classes, prior record levels, or for other reasons (such as extraordinary mitigation) were excluded from this table. In addition, Class A convictions, which are subject to mandatory life or death sentences (n=69), and Class B1 convictions with life sentences (n=1) were also excluded from this table.

Disclaimer for AOC Data

These data are from the Administrative Office of the Courts' (AOC) Automated Criminal Infraction System (ACIS). These data are a snapshot in time and are subject to change from such factors as the sealing or expungement of records, corrections made to data entry, motions, appeals, or other legal actions that may change the nature, status or outcome of a case, and other factors. Data maintained in ACIS are intended for management of caseloads, basic record-keeping, and general statistics. These data reveal nothing about evidence presented or its weight or credibility, the reasons or validity of factual or legal arguments or conclusions presented or made, or any other of the myriad circumstances relevant to the results of any particular case. Therefore, the data should not be used or represented to reflect on the merits of the facts or the outcomes of cases. For that and many analytic purposes, it would be inappropriate and misleading to use these data as a substitute for a review of actual case files and/or transcripts. No analysis of or conclusions drawn from these data may be attributed to the AOC. Neither the analysis nor any conclusions in this report are accepted as accurate or endorsed by the AOC.

Offenses Committed before December 1, 2013

Misdemeanor Sentences and Dispositions

	Prior Conviction Level						
Offense Class	I	II	III				
	No Prior Convictions	One to Four Prior Convictions	Five or More Prior Convictions				
A4	C/I/A	C/I/A	C/I/A				
A1	1 - 60 days	1 - 75 days	1 - 150 days				
4	С	C/I/A	C/I/A				
1	1 - 45 days	1 - 45 days	1 - 120 days				
2	С	C/I	C/I/A				
2	1 - 30 days	1 - 45 days	1 - 60 days				
3	С	C/I	C/I/A				
J	1 - 10 days	1 - 15 days	1 - 20 days				

DISPOSITION

C – Community

I – Intermediate A – Active

Offenses Committed December 1, 2011 through September 30, 2013

Felony Minimum Sentences (in Months) and Dispositions

Offense	Prior Record Level							
Class	ı	П	III	IV	V	VI		
Ciass	0-1 Pt	2-5 Pts	6-9 Pts	10-13 Pts	14-17 Pts	18+ Pts		
Α	Death or Life Without Parole							
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		
					Life Without	Life Without		
B1	240 - 300	276 - 345	317 -397	365 - 456	Parole	Parole		
	192 - 240	221 - 276	254 - 317	292 - 365	336 - 420	386 - 483		
	144 - 192	166 - 221	190 - 254	219 - 292	252 - 336	290 - 386		
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		
В2	157 - 196	180 - 225	207 - 258	238 - 297	273 - 342	314 - 393		
DZ	125 - 157	144 - 180	165 - 207	190 - 238	219 - 273	251 - 314		
	94 - 125	108 - 144	124 - 165	143 - 190	164 - 219	189 - 251		
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		
С	73 – 92	83 - 104	96 - 120	110 - 138	127 - 159	146 - 182		
	58 - 73	67 - 83	77 - 96	88 - 110	101 - 127	117 - 146		
	44 - 58	50 - 67	58 - 77	66 - 88	76 - 101	87 - 117		
	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α	Α		
D	64 - 80	73 - 92	84 - 105	97 - 121	111 - 139	128 - 160		
	51 - 64	59 - 73	67 - 84	78 - 97	89 - 111	103 - 128		
	38 - 51	44 - 59	51 - 67	58 - 78	67 - 89	77 - 103		
	I/A	I/A	Α	Α	Α	Α		
E	25 - 31	29 - 36	33 - 41	38 - 48	44 - 55	50 - 63		
L	20 - 25	23 - 29	26 - 33	30 - 38	35 - 44	40 - 50		
	15 - 20	17 - 23	20 - 26	23 - 30	26 - 35	30 - 40		
	I/A	I/A	I/A	Α	Α	Α		
F	16 - 20	19 - 23	21 - 27	25 - 31	28 - 36	33 - 41		
•	13 - 16	15 - 19	17 - 21	20 - 25	23 - 28	26 - 33		
	10 - 13	11 - 15	13 - 17	15 - 20	17 - 23	20 - 26		
	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	Α	Α		
G	13 - 16	14 - 18	17 - 21	19 - 24	22 - 27	25 - 31		
•	10 - 13	12 - 14	13 - 17	15 - 19	17 - 22	20 - 25		
	8 - 10	9 - 12	10 - 13	11 - 15	13 - 17	15 - 20		
	C/I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	I/A	Α		
н	6 - 8	8 - 10	10 - 12	11 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 25		
''	5 - 6	6 - 8	8 - 10	9 - 11	12 - 15	16 - 20		
	4 - 5	4 - 6	6 - 8	7 - 9	9 - 12	12 - 16		
	С	C/I	1	I/A	I/A	I/A		
ı	6 - 8	6 - 8	6 - 8	8 - 10	9 - 11	10 - 12		
•	4 - 6	4 - 6	5 - 6	6 - 8	7 - 9	8 - 10		
	3 - 4	3 - 4	4 - 5	4 - 6	5 - 7	6 - 8		

RANGE
Aggravated
PRESUMPTIVE
Mitigated

DISPOSITION
C – Community
I – Intermediate
A – Active