

QUICK FACTS: JUSTICE REINVESTMENT

APRIL 2023

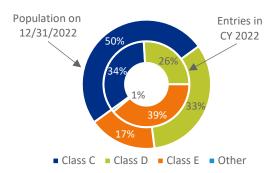
CALENDAR YEAR 2022

- ⇒ The Justice Reinvestment Act, enacted in 2011, made significant changes to North Carolina's criminal justice system from sentencing to corrections.
- → The COVID-19 pandemic (onset in March 2020) had lingering impacts on the criminal justice system in CY 2022, although with diminishing effect compared to previous years.

Sentencing Practices

- There were 178 Advanced Supervised Release and 91 felony habitual breaking and entering prison entries.
- There were 1,004 habitual felon prison entries; most were sentenced in Class E (39%).

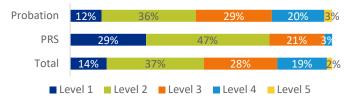
Habitual Felon Prison Entries and Population



Community Supervision

- Of the 77,346 offenders under community supervision on December 31, most were assessed as either moderate risk and/or moderate need (34% and 38% respectively).
- More post-release supervisees were supervised in Level 1 (most restrictive level) compared to probationers.

Assessed Community Corrections Population

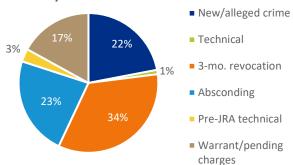


- A total of 1,353 quick dips were ordered; a higher percentage were for misdemeanants (54%) compared to felons (46%).
- Of the 2,558 CRV dispositions, most (40%) were for offenders in Supervision Level 2.

Incarceration and Reentry

- Most offenders entering PRS (71%) were in Classes F-I.
- 41% of offenders exiting PRS were in Supervision Level 2. PRS revocation rates were highest for Supervision Level 1 (24% for Class B1-E and 20% for Class F-I).
- The largest categories for felony entries to prison were absconding from supervision for probation violations (23%, not shown) and 3-month revocations for PRS violations (34%).

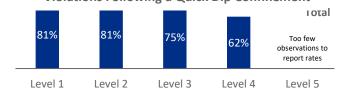
Felony Entries to Prison for PRS Violations



Outcomes (1-Year Follow-Up from CY 2021)

Probationers in Supervision Levels 1 and 2 had the highest rates of subsequent violations after a quick dip (81% each), with decreasing rates for Supervision Levels 3 and 4.

Violations Following a Quick Dip Confinement



 43% of CRV dispositions in CY 2021 had a subsequent violation within one year.

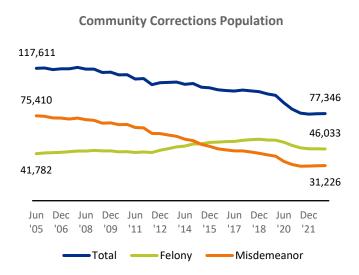
Outcomes Following CRV Dispositions

1-Year Outcome	Felons	Misd.	Total
On Supervision	42%	31%	41%
CRV & Terminate	29%	39%	30%
Terminal CRV	19%	25%	20%
Revocation	10%	5%	9%

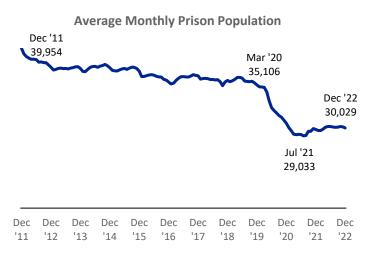
QUICK FACTS: JUSTICE REINVESTMENT

CALENDAR YEARS 2011-2022

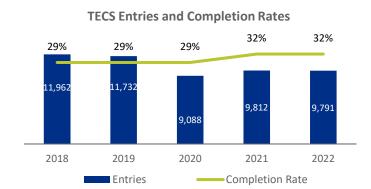
The overall community corrections population has declined 29% since December 2011. The largest decreases over this time period occurred following the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic for a combined total of 18% from CY 2019 to CY 2021. The overall population increased by less than 1% over the past year.



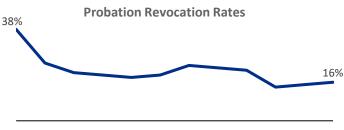
The average prison population declined from 39,954 in December 2011 to 29,840 in December 2021 (a decrease of 25%), with much of this decrease due to the pandemic. The population has been stable around 30,000 for most of CY 2022.



TECS completion rates increased slightly to 32% in both 2021 and 2022; however, about two-thirds of offenders are not completing their TECS programs. In 2022, completion rates were highest for participants in Supervision Level 4 (43%).



The overall probation revocation rate has decreased substantially since CY 2011. In 2022, revocation rates were 19% for felons and 14% for misdemeanants.



2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

The PRS population had increased since 2012 due to the addition of PRS for Class F-I felons exiting prison but declined due to the COVID-19 pandemic. It has not returned to pre-pandemic levels.



SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, 2011-2022 Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report Data

NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission PO Box 2448 | Raleigh, NC 27602 (919) 890-1470 The Honorable Charlie Brown, Chairman Michelle Hall, Executive Director

For the NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission's *Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report 2023* and all other publications, see the Commission's website: www.NCSPAC.org.